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The Daily Colonist.

YATES FINEST BUILDING LOT IN THE CITY. YATES ST
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VOL. LXV--NO 67. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1891. THIRTY-THIRD YEAR

D. R. HARRIS. N. P. SNOWDEN.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance (Fire, Life and Marine) Agents, Notaries Public and Surveyors.

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FOR SALE OR ON LEASE.

MONEY TO LOAN

In Large or small amounts at lowest current rates of interest. Estates Managed and Rents Collected.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND and INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet Street, LONDON, ENGLAND.

DIRECTORS IN LONDON: T. L. GALPIN, T. ALLSOP, W. WALTER.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.
MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.
Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.
Time deposits in large or small amounts received at interest.

LOCAL DIRECTORS: HENRY S. MASON, C. A. HOLLAND

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. e24-tf-dw

SEA VIEW!

Extension "C" of the Work Estate.

This beautifully situated property on Hillside Avenue has now been surveyed into Town Lots (with 60 ft. streets intervening) and is now for sale.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,

BASTION STREET.

jun1

GENERAL REDUCTIONS

ARE NOW BEING MADE IN ALL OUR LINES OF

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, ETC.

DAVIDSON BROS

55 YATES STREET.

se30-1

J. D. PEMBERTON. F. B. PEMBERTON. Notary Public.

PEMBERTON & SON,

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.

Town, Suburban Property and Farm Lands for Sale.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON APPROVED SECURITY AT CURRENT RATES.

fe27 P. O. BOX 246, VICTORIA.

GREAT FALL —60— GOVERNMENT STREET.

in Furniture, Carpets, Oilcloths, Linoleums, etc. Call and examine the Elegant Sideboards, Bedroom Suites, Extension Tables, Ottomans, Antique Oak Furniture, Japanese Goat Rugs. AT

LOCKHART & CO'S

UNDERTAKERS. Parlors: Corner Broad Street and Trounce Ave.

Selling all lines at a large reduction for thirty days. Best goods for the least money in the city. A fine assortment to choose from. Seeing is believing. Call and be convinced. Prices right. IN

FURNITURE.

ja21

30,000 ACRES OF TIMBER AND COAL LAND FOR SALE.

House and Lot, James Bay.
Survey Contracts taken in any portion of the United States or British Columbia.

W. E. DEVEREUX & CO.

CIVIL ENGINEERS, ETC.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED TO BORROW, $250, for 30 days on valuable lot in Fidalgo City, on principal street, on line of Electric cars, between Fidalgo and Anacortes; $50 for accomodation. Address E. W., this office. fe28-3t

FOR SALE--160 acres first-class land, half a mile from McPherson's Station, between 55 and 60 acres cleared and seeded down in timothy. Good creek, houses, and plenty of fruit. Apply to Peter Hennessy. fe28-1m

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received up to noon, 7th March, for the erection of two 2-story Frame Residences, for James Burns, Esquire, at James Bay.
Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.
JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.
fe28

AUCTION SALE.

FURNITURE.

Tuesday, March 3, 11 A.M.

I will sell by Auction on the premises, No. Fort Street, all the Furniture and effects contained therein, being Parlor, Dining, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture, &c.

G. BYRNES, - AUCTIONEER.
fe23

AUCTION!

This Evening, at 7 P.M.

A fine assortment of General Goods, besides Furniture, also 1 Cooking Stove, 1 Iron (small) Bedstead, etc.
MORTIMER & CO., Auctioneers,
fe28-1t 122 Government St.

MUNICIPAL.

SEPARATE TENDERS will be received at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 11th day of March, prox., for supplying the Corporation with hardware, nails, etc., forage, lumber, coal and wood.
Forms of tender supplied at this office.
A certified cheque for $50 to accompany each tender.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, 27th Feb., 1891.
fe18-td

BRITISH BARK "SCOTTISH BARD" CAPT. CHARLESON, FROM LONDON.

All claims against this vessel must be sent to the undersigned not later than Tuesday, 3rd March.
R. P. RITHET & CO. (LTD.), Consignees.
fe28

P. T. JOHNSTON & Co.

Have now ready for Sale a large and varied assortment of

Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Evergreens, Herbaceous Plants, Bulbs, Etc.

Including all the old favorites and some never before offered to the Public.

Grasses, Clover, and all other Seeds at Lowest Prices.

For further particulars see priced Catalogue, which will be forwarded post free on application

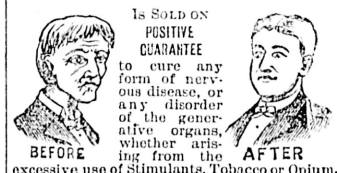
SEED STORE, No. 56 Douglas St. NURSERY, St. Charles Street, Off Cadboro Bay Road

SEED STORE REMOVED -TO- Theatre Block, 56 Douglas St.

oct-6m-d&w P. T. JOHNSTON & CO.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure APHRODITINE or money refunded.



Is SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY
COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGISTS, Cornerof Douglas and Yates streets,
tno28-dw-rly Sole Agent for Victoria.

AMUSEMENTS.

SMOKING CONCERT.

VICTORIA TENNIS CLUB.

PHILHARMONIC HALL

-ON-

TUESDAY, MARCH 3, AT 8 P.M.

Under the patronage of Col. E. G. Prior, M.P., T. Earle, Esq., M. P. His Worship the Mayor, Chairman.
Tickets at C. A. Lombard's, 50c. fe17-td

LYCEUM.

Largest and best Hall in the City for Public Meetings, Musical Gatherings, Lectures, &c.
Centrally situated, corner Pandora Avenue and Broad Street, formerly the Methodist Church, but recently refitted, thoroughly ventilated, well lighted; warmed with hot air; very easy to enter and leave; comfortable seats may be provided for about 600 persons; now ready for occupation. Terms moderate. Apply to
fe10-1m A. DECOSMOS.

"FOR QUEEN AND COUNTRY!"

Hon. J. S. Helmcken Stirs the Hearts of the Electors at Esquimalt.

His Facts and Eloquence Carry All Before Them—True Men Wanted For the Fifth.

Prior and Earle Make Telling Speeches —Their Arguments Cannot Be Controverted.

The meeting held last night at Esquimalt, in the interest of Messrs. Prior and Earle, was an immense success. It was attended by many of the most influential people of the district, and, in a word, may be said to have been eminently representative. The enthusiasm manifested was exceptionally marked, the speakers, without exception, making their points in a very telling manner, which was shown to be appreciated by the cheers with which the hall fairly rang.

Mr. W. F. Bullen occupied the chair, and in a few remarks referred to the occasion which had brought those present together, calling upon Col. Prior to make the first speech.

COL. PRIOR referred to the aspect of the present electoral contest which unquestionably involved the political future of the country. While the Liberals had said they wanted free trade with the United States, and with the world, there was not the slightest sign that the Americans would give free trade. Indeed, their public men and their papers had said that they would not give free trade, without Canada giving up the old flag (Loud voices—"We won't do it!") On the other hand it was seen that the premier and his friends had shown every activity in developing our own industries and opening up new markets so that the flag of Canada might float on every sea. He was in every way loyal to this country and loyal to the old flag (loud and prolonged cheering). On the other hand the leader of the Opposition party had no other programme than a plan to sell Canada to the Americans. They were, in fact, traitors. He declared that direct taxation was the inevitable result of the adoption of their policy, were they successful. Mr. Blake had declined to again be elected, and had written a letter which was to be published after the elections. No doubt he left his old friends because of their policy. Hon. Mr. Mackenzie had said that he would not support a zollverein or in any way discriminate against the Mother country. Why then should the electors think of allowing the men whose motto was "Canada for the Canadians" to be defeated by men who for their own party objects were prepared to sell this country to our neighbors at the South, Mr. Prior drew attention to the fact that during the administration of the Liberals everything had gone to rack and ruin, while since Sir John Macdonald had returned to power, the province of British Columbia and the entire Dominion had forged ahead in a manner which he proved by a very interesting mass of statistics. Col. Prior showed how lightly Canada was taxed, as compared with other countries, and described the magnificent way in which Sir Charles Tupper had placed the latest Canadian loan upon the British market. He ridiculed the pretensions of Messrs. Marchant and Templeman to be Independent candidates, saying that he and Mr. Earle had everything at stake in Victoria, and would, therefore, work for their constituents as they would for themselves. Colonel Prior sat down amid loud and prolonged cheering.

Mr. EARLE, who had a very hearty reception, generally reviewed the political situation from the point of view of a resident of Victoria for over thirty years, and described the policy propounded by the party opposed to the present Government as not their own, but as prepared by the people on the other side of the line, with the deliberate object of bringing about political union or annexation (hear, hear). the general declaration of the people on the other side was that the tariff under commercial union must be made by the Americans to suit themselves. In fact the policy propounded by Messrs. Marchant and Templeman involved a loss of Canadian prestige and the severance of Canada from her allegiance with the Mother Country (voices—"Never"). Having entered at considerable detail upon the commercial and financial aspect of this commercial union question, Mr. Earle said there had been a constant wail on the part of the Opposition on account of the distress which they said existed from one end of the country to the other, but a comparison of the statistics of the Province of Ontario with those of the States, showed that in no instance did the former not lead by a large percentage in the volume of the farming products—whether in stock, implements, products or actual value. He declared that free trade would simply mean destruction to Canada, and having described the condition of affairs here during the days of the free ports, conclusively demonstrated how, under protection, there had been a growth and prosperity equal to that of any section of the western country. We had not as large industrial institutions here as he should like to see, but were the present protective policy continued, they would increase in a greater degree, and with much more rapidity, in the future. Mr. Earle discussed the Chinese question in a manner that manifestly met with the approval of his audience. He emphatically declared that he would not support a policy of tariff discrimination against Great Britain. He concluded a most effective speech by asking his hearers to support Mr. Prior and himself. Should he be elected with one of the other candidates he almost thought he should be inclined to stay at home. He confidently trusted that he and Mr. Prior would be returned by a vote of three to one. Mr. Earle sat down amid immense cheering.

Hon. Dr. J. S. Helmcken who received an immense ovation, followed. His speech was brim full of point, his references to the national aspect of the case being especially telling and being received with the most intense enthusiasm. He asked "Do you want to become Americans or remain British?" stentorian calls of "remain British," being the response. He added "if we are not British we are nothing," (cheers). To talk about changing the flag is criminal (hear, hear). There is and can be only one flag for us. That flag I have always lived under; that flag I wish to live under, and that flag I wish to die under (immense applause). To ask me which flag I will live under is treason. If anyone wishes to be an American let him take the first ship and go across the Sound, but let him take care to wipe the British dust off his feet, for I want no British soil to go there (great cheers). Then let him take those infernal oaths, if he chooses, but for my part I want none of him. (cheers). Those who talk Unrestricted Reciprocity know perfectly well what it means, and they have no right to discuss it without the permission of Her Majesty. (applause). If anyone will take the trouble to read Farrer's letter, he will find that his sole intention is to induce the American government to put the screws on the people of Canada to enter the Union, to starve them into asking to be annexed; but the Americans little know of what material British-Canadians are made (applause). This unrestricted reciprocity business is nothing more or less than a plot (cheers). Dr. Helmcken dwelt upon the sensational stories which had been circulated in the United States as to the fortifications which were being made at Esquimalt. For his part he had been unable to find them. These lies were told to the people of the United States in order to make the Americans put up fortifications also. Esquimalt wanted no fortifications. (Cheers.) The iron ships of Great Britain and their men, and the loyal hearts of the people of British Columbia were sufficient defenders of the country and of Her Most Gracious Majesty. (prolonged cheers.) When loyalty ceased to exist in Canada or British Columbia there would be no need of fortifications or of anything else. The Liberal party were so liberal that they would give to Americans this country, which cost them nothing. (Cheers.) But were they asked to give up that which cost them something, they would be found to be the smallest people in creation. (Laughter.) It had been said by some people that Sir John Macdonald had no right to bring on these elections until the new voters' lists were ready. That might be true from their point of view; but when he saw treason (cheers) stalking through the land, and a party rising that was ready and willing to turn Canada over to the United States, it was his duty to call on the people to act. (Hear, hear.) His duty was not to allow the thing to go on till it became troublesome. (Applause.) It must be remembered that Victoria was not the whole of British Columbia. She must not expect to get everything; all she could expect was a fair share and fair play (hear, hear). His friend, Col. Prior, took umbrage over the drill shed matter, and intended to resign, but he was a soldier and did not (cheers). When the bugle sounded, and the premier called his men to arms to defend the country, the colonel came to the front without hesitation and said "I will fight for my country, and will drop these minor issues." (Cheers). Would he not have been unfaithful had he not come forward at this crisis? (Loud and continued cheers). Talk about drill sheds! The drill shed is here; here the batallions have come to drill, and from here they will go to the polls to record their votes. (immense enthusiasm.)

The venerable doctor, amid a perfect tempest of applause, called on his hearers to be ready, on the 5th, shoulder to shoulder and arm to arm, to march forward and record their votes for their Queen and country.

Hon. Mr. Pooley, Mr. Willoughby and Mr. A. P. Joyce having delivered soul-stirring and most effective addresses, votes of thanks were passed to the chairman and to Messrs. Prior and Earle, and, after singing "God Save the Queen," the delighted and enthusiastic audience dispersed.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Remarkable and Very Satisfactory Increase in Canadian Exports.

In Spite of the McKinley Tariff Imports and Exports are Constantly Increasing.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 27.—Trade returns continue to belie the Grit statements that the country is going to the dogs. The returns for January exceed those of last year by over a million dollars. For the seven months ending January 31, last year, the increase in exports was $9,000,000. Not only is this increase maintained this year, but we have added to it, making the increased exports of 1891 over 1889 $9,723,270. It should not be forgotten, also, that the McKinley bill has been in operation four months of this year. The imports of January show an increase of $900,000.

Major-General Herbert has issued a circular pointing out how to guard against the severity of sentences awarded by district courts martial.

A GOVERNMENT VICTORY.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 27.—To-day's papers admit that the Government has thus far the best of the fight. From all provinces most cheering reports continue to be received. The Grit papers do not like the advantage gained by the Government, and are resorting to all kinds of misrepresentation. The Ottawa Free Press makes a scurvy attack on Gordon and Mara, saying that they will vote with the majority, no matter which party is in power. A dispatch from Kingston, to-night, says Sir John's indisposition is not serious; he is merely suffering from a cold.

They Stand the Test.

The following telegram was received, today, by Messrs. M. W. Waitt & Co., agents in this city for the J. & J. Taylor Safes:

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., Feb. 18th, 1891.
Messrs. M. W. Waitt & Co.:
Our big Taylor's Safe just taken out of the ruins of Masonic Block. Papers and books in first-class shape.
*5t (Signed) F. BOURCHIER.

The Globe "Away Off."

TORONTO, Feb. 27.—The Globe claims all of those elected by acclamation in Quebec as Liberals, and says that although Gordon and Mara are classed as conservatives they will probably give an Independent support to any Government which may be returned to power.

A PERSECUTED PEOPLE.

Unfortunate Jews Butchered by Cossacks While Attempting to Escape From Slavery.

An Indiscreet German Who Wants No Second-Class Navy for Fatherland.

Sadler May Not be Held, as the Chief Witness Against Him is Dead.

Poor Unfortunates.

LONDON, Feb, 27.—A scheme to smuggle Russian Jews by wholesale out of this empire for emigration to the United States has, according to a Berlin despatch, already resulted in bloodshed. The Russian authorities have been keeping a close watch for some time on the frontier of Prussian Silesia, and the Russian side of the boundary is controlled by bodies of Cossacks, on the look out for any who may try to leave Russia without permission. A few days ago a force of Cossacks, on the watch opposite the town of Myslowitz, in Prussian Silesia, discovered 305 emigrants crossing the frontier. Several of them had already got within Prussian jurisdiction, and were, therefore, safe from the Cossacks, but the large majority were still on the Russian side of the line when the half savage cavalry of the Czar came dashing down upon them. The emigrants, thus brought to a halt on the threshold of deliverance, refused to obey the order to turn back, and using any weapon at hand made a desperate resistance. The Cossacks speared them without mercy, and trampled them under their horses, killing quite a number before the remainder yielded and allowed themselves to be driven back into Russia. The struggle was witnessed by many people on the German side of the line, and they showed their sympathy for the emigrants and their destestations for the Cossacks, but did not dare to otherwise interfere. The few who got across to Germany were hospitably entertained at Myslowitz.

In one instance a father who had escaped across the line, saw his wife and children driven back, and went back again himself to join them. It was ascertained that all the emigrants were destined for Americ .

Not Complimentary to Germany.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—Emperor William is greatly displeased with the recent report made by the secretary of the committee on naval estates. The secretary on Wednesday last was quoted as declaring it imperative that Germany should have a first-class navy or none. He said money was necessary, and he alarmed the committee by adducing the possibility of an attack on Germany by France and Russia. He made other statements which he asked the committee to keep secret. It was believed, however, that they related to the method of locking the Russian navy in the Baltic while England or Italy were to hold the French navy in check in the Mediterranean. It is now rumored that as a result of these utterances the indiscreet secretary has been called upon to resign.

Further Facilities Denied.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—The Reichsanzieger states that Chancellor Caprivi has declined to permit Prince Hohenslohe, governor of Alsace-Lorraine, to mitigate any further stringency of passport regulations on the frontier, nor to extend in any degree, the facilities now accorded the inhabitants on the frontier.

Heartily Welcomed Home.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Empress Frederick arrived at Dover from France at 3 o'clock this afternoon. An immense crowd was at the pier, and greeted her with loud cheers, while the artillery thundered forth salvos of welcome. The Empress was well and in the best of spirits.

Nominal Damages.

DUBLIN, Feb. 27.—The suit of Timothy Harrington, M. P., against the newspaper "Insuppressible" for libel, in making criminal charges about the handling of the National league funds, resulted, to-day, in a verdict of damages against the defendant for five pounds.

A Matter of Form.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The coroner's verdict in the case of "Carrotty Nell" is murder by some person or persons unknown. This does not affect the case of the prisoner Sadler, who is still in custody pending further investigation.

Russia Pulling the String.

VIENNA, Feb. 27.—The papers of this city attribute the agitation in Paris to Russian designs carried on through De Roulede and his followers.

Who Would Envy an Empress?

PARIS, Feb. 27.—Empress Frederick left Paris this morning; no unpleasant incident marked her departure. The gravity of the the situation, however, can be judged from the fact that acting under advice from high quarters, the empress changed the line of her route for fear of being insulted by that portion of the populace which had gradually worked itself into the fever heat of rage over the presence of the Imperial visitor in Paris.

Von Munster Recalled.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—It is rumored that Count Waldersee will succeed Count Von Munster as ambassador at Paris.

Boulanger Again Forward.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—General Boulanger is being closely watched at Brussels by both the Belgian Government and by agents of the French police. It is known that he has been exchanging constant telegrams with friends in Paris, and it is believed that he and his followers have had in mind the possibility of stirring up a riot or resurrection through the excitement caused by the presence of the German ex-Empress. A dispatch from Paris says that the French Government regards Boulanger as merely a tool of the Count of Paris, and that the General's income is supposed to come from that source. Nothing serious is thought of his visit to Brussels, except that he might cause some mischief or slight attempt at rioting. His visit is looked upon simply as a part of his understanding with the Royalists to lose no opportunity to cause trouble in the republic.

Saddler May Escape.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—It is believed that the police will have to discharge Sadler, the man accused of the murder of "Carroty Nell." One of the most important witnesses against Sadler died suddenly the other day, and there is very little testimony on which to ask for his commitment. That the coroner's jury have failed to implicate him, is also a strong argument in his favor. The police, however, are still busy on the case to-day, and may possible secure some evidence to sustain their theory that he is guilty of this, and perhaps other Whitechapel murders.

The Empress at Home.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Empress Frederick was met in London by the German ambassador, Count Halzfeldt, and the Prince and Princess of Battenberg, who escorted her to Windsor, where a guard of honor met and escorted her to the Castle. The streets were thronged. To-morrow the Queen will give a banquet in honor of the Empress; Count Halzfeldt and Admiral Galtz are invited.

Severe Comment.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—The papers comment severely on the inability of France to check the anti-German agitation.

Her Action Disapproved.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The English press generally disprove the action of Empress Frederick, in prolonging her visit to Paris and thereby giving an excuse to men like DeRoulde to raise the patriotic cry against her. The opinion is expressed that she ought to have proceeded to England as soon as she had concluded her business with the French artists. At the same time the newspapers also condemn those of the French artists who denounced the visit and its object for their display of vulgar inhospitality. It is known that the Queen has been deeply stirred by her daughter's situation, and determined to send one of her household to attend on the Empress on her departure from Paris, and on the journey to England. The general opinion in London political circles is that the visit was not a judicious move and may serve to hasten the European crisis.

Press Opinion.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—Le Temps, commenting on the visit of the Empress, says that however the policy of Germany towards France may have varied, the spirit of the French nation has been unchanged. Incidents of the visit do not preclude relations of perfect courtesy between the two Governments, nor are those incidents likely to disturb the relations of the European situation, due to the elimination of Bismarck and Crispi.

Suffocated by Smoke.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—A serious accident is reported from France. Pieravaca pine forest, near Mentone, took fire and an Alpine battalion tried to extinguish the flames. A sergeant and two privates were suffocated by smoke.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Till After Elections.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Dullness prevails in almost all lines of general trade throughout the Canadian dominion, and is likely to do so until after the elections. Commercial travellers have been called in. The opening of navigation will improve business some. Manitoba wheat is in good export demand. The Dominion of Canada reports 43 failures this week, against 52 last week, and 34 this week last year. The total number of failures from January 1 to date is 426, against 490 for last year.

The Coroner Investigating.

JACKSONVILLE, Penna., Feb. 27.—Coroner Burke, of Carbon county, and his jury, accompanied by guides, entered the ill-fated mine this morning on a tour of inspection; the coroner has been taking evidence to-day of all the survivors, who are doing as well as can be expected. The men will probably be removed to the hospital on Sunday.

The Danger Past.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 27.—The flood at this place reached its highest point yesterday. After that the water began to recede slowly. The New York Central track was covered with water within the city limits during the most of the day.

A Hero of the Church.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Father Jeremiah O'Conner, pastor of the St. Lawrence church, died this morning of pneumonia, contracted while aiding the injured in the Harlem tunnel disaster last week.

To Reach Canadian Railways.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Considerable pressure is being brought to bear upon the house commerce committee to secure this session legislation which will bring Canadian roads under the jurisdiction of the interstate commerce law. The present intention is to add this as a clause to the senate bill, authorizing limited pooling, and its friends think it can be passed. Chauncey M. Depew, president of the New York Central, favors this legislation on the ground that the present evasion of laws outside of the jurisdiction of the United States can be prevented.

A Lesson to Boomers.

ELLSWORTH, Kas., Feb. 27.—A terrific blizzard commenced yesterday and is doing much injury over Western Kansas. The storm is accompanied by high winds and stock is suffering greatly. The settlers are short of food and loss of life is feared. It is the hardest storm of the season. Dispatches srom Southern Kansas state that a northern wind is raging in the Cherokee strip, and that intense suffering will be experienced by the boomers who have invaded the strip. There are fully 3,000 boomers in the strip, and most of them are scantily provisioned and with only wagon covers for shelter. They will endure great suffering.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

First Session of the Sixth Parliament.

TWENTY-FIFTH DAY.

Mr. Speaker took the chair at two o'clock. After prayers by Rev. D. Fraser,

MR. MACKENZIE presented a petition of T. Bryant and 122 others re sale of liquors on Sunday.

RULES AND ORDERS.

MR. BROWN moved "That in the opinion of this House it is advisable that a Commission should be appointed, under the presidency of Mr. Speaker, to revise, during the recess, the Rules and Orders for the conduct of the business of this House." He thought that some of the rulings of the the present Speaker might be very well incorporated in the report of the Commission.

HON. MR. ROBSON gave the member credit for having introduced the resolution. The time had come for a revision in order to modify rules at present existing and to provide for cases that were continually occurring. The rules had been framed for a smaller House than the present, and it might be necessary to provide, with a larger House, for matters that had not at that time presented themselves. It was an unsatisfactory task to have to consult May on every occasion.

HON. MR. BEAVEN concurred, and said that he had expected on the re-appointment of Mr. Speaker that something in this direction would be done.

MR. EBERTS believed that a codification of the regulations and rulings was necessary.

The SPEAKER agreed as to the advisability, and asked if it were intended to incur any expense.

HON. MR. BEAVEN said this was a mere abstract resolution, to be provided for hereafter.

HON. MR. ROBSON presumed the work would be performed by members of the House.

The motion was adopted.

SPEAKER'S RULING.

Mr. Speaker gave the following ruling:—"I am asked to rule on a point raised by the Honourable the President of the Council—'Whether a private bill may be sent to a Committee of the Whole immediately after or on the same day it has been read a second time?' Rule 44 of this House requires that every Public Bill shall be read twice in the House before committal or amendment: and May (9th edition), page 758, says:—"Private bills * * * in every separate stage, when they come before either House, are treated precisely as if they were Public Bills. They are read as many times, and similar questions are put, except when any proceeding is specially directed by the Standing orders; and the same rules of debate and procedure are maintained throughout.' The same authority (page 552) says:—'When a Bill has been read a second time, a question is put—"That this Bill be committed?" which is rarely opposed, being a *mere formal sequel* to the second reading, not admitting of any discussion of the merits of the Bill itself. When the question has been argeed to, a day is named for the committee. When the order of the day is read in the Commons for the House to resolve itself into a committee on the bill, the speaker puts the question—'That I do now leave the chair?'" Bourinot, although not an authority in this House, is of value in the elucidation of the point raised, as showing the practice of the Canadian House of Commons. That authority (page 532) says: "When a bill has been read a second time (short) by the clerk, the next question will be proposed—'That the House go into committee on the bill on —— next, which motion generally passes, *nem con.*, like all such formal motions, though it is quite regular to move an amendment as to the time of committal. When the order of the day for committee has been reached and called in due form, the speaker will put the question—'That I do now leave the chair.'" I have no hesitation in ruling that, under May, a bill whether public or private, cannot be committed except it is on the orders of the day for such committal; that it cannot be committed the same day on which it has been read a second time; and that the words, "a mere formal sequel," mean the order for committal, for which a day is set, and not the committal of the bill immediately after the second reading, as has been the practice in this House for some years when dealing with public bills.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION.

MR. KEITH moved, seconded by Mr. Horne, whereas the "Chinese Immigration Act of Canada" has proven in a great measure beneficial, but in some respects defective, more especially as the 5th section permits vessels to carry one Chinese immigrant to any part of Canada for every 50 tons of its tonnage; but we are of opinion that a much larger restriction should be imposed, and fewer Chinese carried on each vessel, or their importation prohibited. And, whereas, the 8th section imposes only an entrance duty of $50 on every person of Chinese origin entering Canada, when $100 is in our opinion the lowest entrance duty that should be charged, if Chinese are allowed to enter Canada at all; and whereas, the 4th sub-section of the 8th section provides that the entrance duty of $50 shall not apply to any Chinese person who resided or was within Canada on January 1, 1886; and the 13th section authorizes the issuance of a certificate of leave to depart and return to Chinese who wish to leave and return to Canada; but, in our opinion, the entrance duty should apply to all Chinese other than those mentioned in sub-sections (a) and (b) of section 8, and the issuance of the above mentioned certificates should be entirely abolished. Be it therefore resolved, that a respectful address be presented to His Honor, the Lieut.-Governor, requesting him to move the Dominion government to cause the "Chinese Immigration Act of Canada" to be made more restrictive in the manner indicated."

HON. MR. DAVIE moved the previous question.

After some discussion as to whether the resolution was in order, the previous question was put, and Mr. Keith's motion was carried by 18 to 10, as follows:

Ayes—Semlin, Mackenzie, Kitchen, Cotton, Kellie, Milne, Beaven, Horne, Brown, Forster, Keith, Robson, Davie, Stoddard, Booth, Martin, Rogers, Fletcher—18.

Nays—Sword, Smith, Baker, Vernon, Hall, Pooley, Turner, Croft, Hunter, Anderson—10.

THE LIBEL LAW.

On the motion to adopt the report on the bill respecting "Actions for Libel and Slander,"

HON. MR. DAVIE moved to amend section 5 by inserting in line 2, between the words "publication" and "the," "one clear day must be allowed to elapse between the cause of action complained of and the issue of the writ thereupon, and."

HON. MR. BEAVEN stated that he was under exactly the same impressions as to the Attorney-General's intentions with respect to this bill, in regard to which that gentleman complained that he had been misreported. He contended that every newspaper editor should be notified, if he had happened to commit a libel, and be given the opportunity of correcting or apologizing.

MR. GRANT held that, in all fairness, no newspaper should be prosecuted without being notified, and then, if he did not make reparation, he would be liable for action. It was very possible to make mistakes, but let not the newspaper proprietor be prosecuted until he knew for what he was prosecuted.

MR. COTTON said that the Attorney-General had brought in the clause which he had promised to do. What the member for Victoria asked for would be much more satisfactory, but the House had decided otherwise, and it was only fair to the Attorney-General to say that he had done exactly what he had promised to do.

The amendment was adopted, also verbal amendments to correct errors which had appeared in the Ontario act, and had been carried into this bill. One of them was to insert after the words "any candidate" in section 5, subsection A, the words "whether for a parliamentary or municipal election."

On motion of Mr. Eberts in section 8, line 9, the word "and" was substituted for "or" so as to read "and that the statements complained of were published in good faith.

On motion of HON. MR. BEAVEN, an amendment was made in the 18th line of section 8, to make it read, "unless he satisfies the court judge that the action is trivial or frivolous or." (This is the condition governing the defendant's demand for security for costs.)

The bill, as amended, was read a third time and passed.

THE PHARMACEUTICAL BILL.

The House went into committee on the Pharmaceutical bill, Mr. Hunter in the chair.

Section 18, repealing section 3 of the Poison Act (chapter 95 of the Consolidated Acts), together with schedules A and B to the said act, was thrown out.

Some discussion ensued as to the ownership of the prescription, whether it were the dispensing chemist or the patient; and, on motion of Mr Smith, it was resolved to insert a clause that "every person giving a prescription to a qualified person to be filled shall be entitled to get back the original."

A motion of Hon. Mr. Robson, empowering the Government to appoint a public analyst, was adopted.

A proposal of Mr. Kellie, to restrain unqualified persons from compounding drugs in any part of the province, was withdrawn.

A section was introduced, on motion of Mr. Eberts, to provide that nothing in this act shall prevent any duly qualified physician or surgeon from carrying on the business of chemist or apothecary.

It was further provided that the bylaws of the association shall be subject to the approval of the Lieut.-Governor in council.

The bill having been passed, the committee rose and reported it complete with amendments.

SPEAKER'S RULING.

The Speaker then said "On the 24th inst. the Honorable Senior Member for Vancouver City took exception to a newspaper report that a certain Bill had passed its second reading without a division, the Honorable member contending that, the yeas and nays having been called, therefore there had been a division. When the point was first raised I was of opinion that it was well taken; but having since had access to May (9th edition), page 311, I find that I was in error. May says: "When each party have exclaimed according to their opinion, the Speaker endeavors to judge, from the loudness and general character of the opposing exclamations, which party have the majority. As his judgment is not final, he expresses his opinion thus: 'I think the (contents or) ayes have it;' or, 'I think the (not contents or) noes have it.' If the House acquiesce in this decision, the question is to be 'resolved in the affirmative,' or 'negative,' according to the supposed majority on either side; but if the party thus declared to be in the minority dispute the fact, they say, 'The contents (or not contents), the ayes (or noes) have it,' as the case may be; and the actual minorities must be counted by means of what is termed a division. It is plain, therefore, that the mere taking of the 'ayes' and 'noes' is not a division; and I must reverse my previous ruling and decide that the second reading of the School Bill was carried without a division."

It being 6 o'clock the House rose.

EVENING SESSION.

The House resumed at 7:30 p.m.

Adjourned debate on consideration of report Mechanics' Lien Law. The bill was recommitted, Mr. Keith in the chair.

HON. MR. DAVIE moved his amendments, which practically reconstituted the bill and made it an amendment to the present Lien Act.

MR. BROWN said the House had accepted the principle that the material men should be kept out. The proposed amendments practically enacted a new bill, but kept the present law in force. Workmen now found it impossible to get their money as a rule, and the act was practically in favor of the material man. The House would go back on its decision if they accepted the amendments offered by the Attorney-General. The workingmen would say it was not the act the wanted. The present act was condemned by the workingmen of B.C., they often loose by throwing good money after bad in endeavoring to make use of it. The act proposed to give two justices of the peace jurisdiction in the matter of wages. It was beyond the power of the House to give two magistrates power in this way. If the amendment was accepted workmen could not get their money, because there was no jurisdiction in the case. Rather than put this amendment it would be better to leave the present act in force. The owner would have to keep back a large percentage for 90 days. This was unjust. The contractor might have gone and the unfortunate owner would be left liable. The amendment practically asked them to take back what they had done, and throw out the act proposed by him (Mr. Brown).

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL said the principle was the same as that of Mr. Brown's, to give the laborer a chance to get his wages. There was no use in making up a long act for that purpose. If a laborer had to go to all that trouble, the Lien Act was worse than nothing. He did not think the provision in the amendments were unconstitutional. The Small Debts' Act was, he considered, constitutional. It was repealed because its provisions were very much abused, and the act was unnecessary, on account of county court judges being appointed. The House had the right in the province to create courts of both civil and criminal jurisdiction. He very much doubted whether a single case could be produced where workmen had lost their money under the Lien Act, and he did not think a case could could be produced.

MR. BROWN said the Attorney-General's one wish and desire was to kill the bill. He had been told before he brought the Act up that the Attorney-General would do his best to crush it. The Attorney-General was going to put in a provisson which he did not know was constitutional or not. He would like to see the material man protected, but protecting the working man was of the utmost importance.

A hot discussion followed, the Attorney-General withdrew his amendments after the first was lost.

A number of long amendments were put in the bill, and the committee rose, reporting the bill complete with amendments.

The House then took up the adjourned committee on "Sale of Tobacco to Minors."

In committee, re. Sale of Tobacco to Minors,

MR. MARTIN moved in amendment, that the act should not apply to Chinamen, other than those coming from Hong Kong. It was lost amid roars of laughter.

The committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments.

Adjourned committee on Bill to Incorporate Order of Oblates of Mary Immaculate, Mr. Smith in the chair. Committee rose and reported the bill complete without amendments.

House adjourned until Monday.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

BY MR. NASON—That as the present mail service for the Chilcotin district (from Soda Creek to Hanseville) is fortnightly in the summer and monthly in the winter, to the great inconaenience of the district; that the Lieutenant-Governor be prayed to take steps to caure the said mail service to be changed from monthly to fortnightly in January, February, March and April, and from fortnightly to weekly for the remaining months of the year.

HON. J. H. TURNER—Monday next—That the speech of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor, at the opening of the present session, be taken into consideration on Thursday next.

Quick, Safe and Comfortable.

The Canadian Pacific Railway offers special inducements to travellers. Through train service daily to Montreal, Halifax, New York, all points east and South. Five to ten dollars cheaper than other lines.

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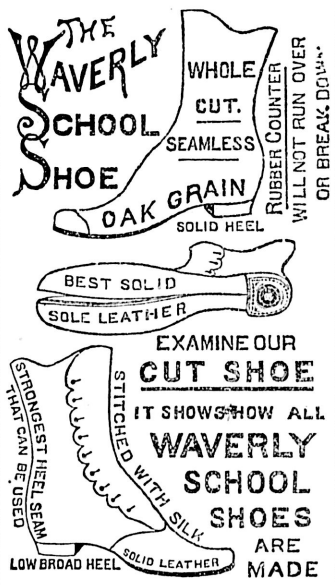

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RESERVE FUND.....(WITH POWER TO INCREASE.) 200,000, 1,000,000.

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in connection with their general Banking business, and are now prepared to receive Deposits of $1, upwards, upon which Interest will be allowed at current rates. Present rate, FOUR per cent. per annum. Deposits received for Fixed Periods, and interest allowed on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Shareholders of this Bank are by the Charter of Incorporation made liable for double the amount of capital subscribed for; an important consideration in the security afforded to depositors.

WM. C. WARD,
Manager.

Victoria, 2nd January, 1891. ja3

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Overcoats, Hats, Caps, Underwear

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THE RAILWAY CENTRE OF THE INTERIOR.

The Shuswap & Okanagan Railway is now under construction, and will be completed and in operation to Vernon next summer, 1891.

The Okanagan & Kootenay Railway Co. obtained a charter (with land grants of 20,000 acres per mile) to construct a railway from Vernon to Sproat's Landing, via the Coldstream Valley and Cherry Creek Mines.

A charter will be applied for at the next session of the Local Legislature to construct a Railway from Vernon south to the International Boundary to connect with the American railway system.

This is a great chance to make money, as Vernon, being in the heart of the most extensive agricultural district in the Province, will undoubtedly become a large and flourishing city.

Arrangements have been completed with responsible parties for publishing a good weekly paper at Vernon, to commence business early in the new year. This paper will be circulated by the company in all parts of the world.

A large Hotel will be erected early next spring and plans for same are now being prepared.

PLANS OF TOWN-SITE ARE NOW IN ALL REAL ESTATE OFFICES.

A large number of lots have already been sold and most of these will have buildings erected on them early next year.

Special inducements are offered to builders. See price list. Free sites will be given to parties establishing industries.

Financial assistance will also be given to responsible parties engaging in legitimate enterprises.

ADVANCE IN PRICES.

The Company will advance prices of all central lots early next month. Intending purchasers should not delay selecting lots now in order to obtain the benefit of this advance.

Vernon is situated in a pass commanding and making tributary to it the whole of the famous Okanagan Valley and its tributary valleys, the grazing country of the Lower Nicola, the mining camps of Rock Creek, Granite Creek, Keremeos, Okanagan and Monishee Mountain, the placer diggings of Cherry Creek and Siwash Creek. It is impossible to get to any of the above places without first going through Vernon.

The opening of the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway next summer will flood this favored country with land and mining prospectors, &c., and will give a great impetus to the farming, fruit growing, grazing and mining industries. Several important industries are projected and will likely be started in Vernon next year.

The best advice we can give intending purchasers is to go and see for yourselves. The C. P.R. to Sicamous, Stage from Sicamous to Vernon. Leave Vancouver on Mondays or Fridays, arrive Vernon Tuesday or Friday evening.

OKANAGAN LAND & DEVELOPMENT CO., LD.

Maps of Town Site and Price Lists in all Real Estate Offices.

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COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Co., Ltd.

FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL. (Used principally for Gas and Domestic purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL. (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL.

(House and Steam Coal.) Are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coals in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

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3 Acres, cor. Gorge Road and Harriet st., 300 feet water frontage on Gorge 600 feet in depth; splendid buy; no other property like it in the market.	$9,500
Beautiful 2-story residence; two lots; fine corner....	6,750
Large cottage; two lots; corner.....	4,500
Corner lot; Yates street...	6,500
3 cottages; James Bay; easy terms; each.....	1,900
2 lots; Rithet st.; 54x180; each.....	925
Lot; Menzies street.....	950
Lot; South Turner.....	850
Several nice lots; Fernwood; each.....	400
2 lots; corners; Pine st., Victoria West; each...	375
Fine two-story residence, Quadra street.....	5,500
Business lot; Yates street, below Government.....	15,000
2 lots; Harrison st., near Yates, each.....	750
1 lot; San Juan Avenue, James Bay.....	550
1 lot; Croft st., James Bay	900

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3 Lots, Cadboro Bay Road, corner; fine for residence; close to tramway.
1 Acre near Esquimalt Road, water front.
3 Lots in Nelson.
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20 Acres, 5 miles from city, price $75 per acre. 8-roomed House, and lot, price $1,450. A paying business with stock, brings in $5 per day, price $400.

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A HOUSE AND LOT ON TORONTO street, facing Young street; price reasonable; terms easy. Apply to THOS. C. NUTTALL, Government street.

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FOUR LOTS IN BLOCK 45, SPRING Ridge, each 60x120. Terms reasonable. Apply WM. McNEILL, Agent.

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AN HONEST OPINION.

The Way the San Francisco "News Letter Looks at the Canadian Issues.

"There is Only One Road to Commercial Union—Political Union." "Canadians Should Stare the Truth Squarely in the Face.

The San Francisco press are very outspoken in their ideas on the political issues in the present Dominion election. They do not mince matters, and like the two Independent candidates in Victoria, endeavor to deceive and bulldoze people into the belief that white is black. The S. F. News Letter in the extract below, gives expression to the American opinion of the whole question —in fact, the opinion of the parties favoring "unrestricted reciprocity," if they would but tell the truth;—

"Sir John Macdonald, astute old veteran politician that he is, finds his interest in appealing to whatever loyalty exists among the Canadian people to the British Throne, and begs them to stand by their Queen and flag in terms that would seem to indicate that a British, rather than a Dominion election, were taking place. But Sir John knows the Canadian people through and through, and it need not surprise Americans if the masterful way in which he is making it appear that his Queen and country's fortunes are linked with his own, should give him a renewed lease of power. Yet *personal interest* is, in the end, the strongest motive of the human mind, and that Laurier and his party are trusting to pull them through. They are pointing to the prosperity of the United States, and drawing vivid pictures of the advantage there would be in sharing it. The electors are being told that the rightful market for their products is to be found among the sixty-five million people who are their near neighbors. It is being declared that access to that market can be obtained by means of a treaty of reciprocity, which it is in the power of Laurier, and not Macdonald, to negotiate. Of course *such a pretense* is only one of those little *election tricks* that politicians in our own country so well understand. The United States will *never again* give the British colony of Canada a reciprocity treaty. Our interest does not lie that way, and the Canadian people would do well to reckon with that fact. When we withdrew from the old treaty, it was because it was doing much to create prosperity and contentment in Canada *at our expense*. If the Dominion desires to return to that prosperous condition it can do so, but only through one door.

POLITICAL UNION is the ONLY ROAD to commercial union that is open to Canada, and her people will not be wise if they allow the politicians in either party to beguile them into a different belief for election purposes. It will be better to *stare the truth squarely in the face* and deal with it. If Canada is too British to become American, she must paddle her own canoe, and not only paddle it alone so far as we are concerned, but be headed up stream against wind and tide if possible. *We shall*, if necessary, *strengthen the McKinley tariff against her*; we shall *continue to shut out her live stock* by quarantine regulations; her railroads will be denied the bonded-goods privilege; *subsidized shipping will run her off the Pacific ocean*; the new cable to Hawaii will be extended to Australia and the buying capacity of that and the surrounding countries made to strengthen American commerce. Nor will Canada any longer be tolerated in carrying water on both shoulders; *if not for us, she must be deemed to be against us*, and, in that case, she should not ask for favors, and certainly, if public opinion on this side of the border is a criterion, will not be granted any. *Sir John Macdonald understands these facts*, if other Canadian politicians do not, and that is why he proposes in opposition to annexation a closer commercial union with England, the making of the Canadian Pacific an alternative route to India and Australia and the building up of the British Empire in all its parts."

THE MAN WITH TWO PLANKS.

TO THE EDITOR:—I observe that Mr. Marchant, in your issue of to-day, attempts to defend himself against my statement that he and his colleague had entirely failed to show that the "Independents" had any policy. If anyone who read my remarks had any doubts as to the correctness of my opinion on the subject, he will have had those doubts removed on reading Mr. Marchant's reply. He says the "Independents" have a policy, and that it consists of two planks, viz: (1) Independency in British Columbian matters. (2) Opposition to the tariff proposals of the Government. Now, Sir, any practical man, acquainted with the circumstances, will see that such a platform (if platform it can be called) is incapable of supporting any policy. Mr. Marchant says there are "two broad planks." He will find they are so broad that the fierce heat of political controversy in the House of Commons will speedily warp them so badly that they will fail to give the "Independents" anything to stand upon. What does "Independency in British Columbian matters" mean? That we are to have a tariff specially arranged for this province without any regard to the rest of the Dominion? Mr. Marchant attempts to explain what he means as "local independency" by saying it means building a revenue cutter here instead of in Scotland; spending money on the harbor; more salaries to Dominion officials, &c. In short everything which implies obtaining from the Dominion Government larger grants for provincial purposes than the Conservative members have hitherto obtained. Doubtless, what Mr. Marchant meant to say was, that he expected the refusal of himself and Mr. Templeman to support the Government unless they got from it all they wanted, would lead it to grant their demands. How long does any person with any knowledge of matters at Ottawa, suppose these two "Independents" would be able to maintain their position? As a speaker said at the meeting on Wednesday, they could not remain in the middle of the House. They must go one way or the other. If they went with the Opposition, the Government must regard them as opponents. If they joined the Conservative ranks, what became of their "Independent local plank?" Or in what way could they, in the latter case, prove to the electors that they could do more than two straight Conservatives? The more the matter is examined, the more shaky and unreliable Mr. Marchant's "local independent plank" is found to be.

Now let us examine the other plank—opposition to the tariff proposals of the Government. It is plainly stated by Sir John A. Macdonald that one of the chief reasons which led the Government to dissolve parliament at the present time was the fact that negotiations, looking to more extended trade relations with the United States, were likely to take place, and the Government therefore, very properly, desired to have them dealt with by a parliament, the members of which had just come from their constituents. Now, I had supposed, until I read Mr. Marchant's letter, that he and Mr. Templeman were in favor of a change in the direction mentioned by Sir John Macdonald. But Mr. Marchant says that the second "broad plank" in his platform is "opposition to the tariff proposals of the Government." Is it possible to find a more glaring instance of inconsistency than Mr. Marchant presents between his speech and his letter? Does he not begin now to see himself that to make a stump speech bristling with generalities is one thing, and to formulate, in cool blood, a businesslike proposition and policy that is likely to meet with the approval of the House of Commons, quite another matter?

Utterly unpractical as is Mr. Marchant's so-called policy of "two broad planks," his attempt (in the same letter in reply to my criticisms) to give some details of how it would work, by way of illustration, is still more unfortunate. He says that I ridicule his idea that "a larger trade policy would enable us to increase our output and sale of fruit." Certainly I do, and shall continue to do so until our fruit-growers are able to supply the home demand and stop importations from the States. But Mr. Marchant attempts to defend himself by saying that monopolies mean restricted trade and dearer machinery, packages and sugar, and these in turd make the cost of canning fruit so high as to stop exports of this class of goods. Here, again, Mr. Marchant's ignorance of actual economic facts (not theories based on the views which found favor with the Manchester School, forty years ago,) is plainly discernible. England exports large quantities of confectionery because she has abundance of cheap labor, and her immense accumulated capital can be obtained at very low rates of interest. Cheap sugar, I admit, is one item, but only one, and here, probably much to Mr. Marchant's surprise, he will find that Canada is (even with the National policy which worries him) in a far better position than the United States. To-day tin plates are far cheaper here than in the States, and I would invite Mr. Marchant's attention to the following figures as regards the price of sugar. Granulated sugar in New York is worth 6½ cents, net cash; in Montreal 6½ cents, less 2½ per cent. discount. This means a difference of 16¼ cents per 100 pounds in favor of Montreal for the cost to the wholesale trade. This is the result of the competition between Canadian refineries. Anyone who is acquainted with the facts knows that the refining business was practically re-established by the National Policy, and I may instance the case of the great Redpath refineries in Montreal, in proof of this. Already they are giving our preservers cheaper sugar than in the United States. With cheaper sugar, cheaper tin and cheaper lumber, why don't we export preserves in large quantities? Simply because, as I said in my former letter, the home consumption is larger than the home supply. These are not generalities, such as form Mr. Marchant's political stock-in-trade, but merely facts, and it would take something more than "local independence," or "tariff opposition" by the "Independents" to change this state of things.

Mr. Marchant attempts, in closing his letter, to dodge the issue I raised, and to make a foolish challenge to Messrs. Prior and Earle to pledge themselves to favor at Ottawa free trade relations with Great Britain. This, sir, is simply raising another proposition not now placed before the electors by either the Liberals or Conservatives. But I shall be pleased to discuss it with Mr. Marchant if he will tell me in what way he proposes to make a change. The poor man has got so excited by his cry of "Free Trade" that in talking about efforts to increase our exports to Great Britain he fancies he has to contend with a McKinley tariff as he has in the States! Does Great Britain impose duties on our coal, lumber, fish or grain? Are the freights on these commodities raised to a high figure because English ship owners and builders are loaded down with heavy imposts on the materials used in the construction of ships or engines? Of course not. Mr. Marchant objects to your editorial comment that his ideas are "idiotic." I would not say they were, but they are evidently put forward by a man who is grossly ignorant of the things about which he pours forth so fluently these "glittering generalities." I think, sir, that when the campaign is over Mr. Marchant will be a good deal like the boy whose face was badly kicked by a mule—he won't be so pretty but he will know a darned sight more.

In conclusion I would suggest to Mr. Marchant that he should substitute for the two planks he has at present, the following; "Canada for the British," and "Protection to home industries." They will form a bridge, alike patriotic and practical; one that will preserve our connection with the "Old Country," the integrity of the Dominion, the well-being of the community, and the prosperity of the individual. But, to put such matters before the electors will require more knowledge of actual facts and conditions than is possessed by Mr. Marchant at the present time.

A BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

Feb. 26th, 1891.

J. C. DEVLIN,

Real Estate and General Agent.

76 YATES STREET.

LANDS, HOUSES,

Tramway, Mining and Other Stocks

BOUGHT AND SOLD, ON COMMISSION.

$4,200. Full Sized Lot, Pandora Street near Douglas.
$1,260. Two Lots, San Juan Avenue, good location.
$525. Old Esquimalt Road.
$450. Old Esquimalt Road.
$4,000. 236 Acres, 65 cleared and fenced; 10 head oxen and cows, good orchard, farm implements; close to school, church and wharf, Vesuvius Bay, Salt Spring Island. Half cash, balance ten years.

no15

H. L. SALMON,

SMOKERS' PROVIDER,

has REMOVED TEMPORARILY, during rebuilding to

111 GOVERNMENT ST.

NEXT TO "DELMONICO,"

Nearly opposite old quarters.

BEING OVERSTOCKED, I AM SELLING PIPES, ETC., AT COST

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E. M. JOHNSON,

ESTABLISHED 1879.

REAL ESTATE AGENT, CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

7½ Acres. Commanding View. Close to Esquimalt Harbor, on Tramway Line.

Lot, David street	$ 850
Lot, Dallas Road, Sea View	1,600
Lot, South Turner street	1,000
Lot, corner Boyd and Sylvia	1,100
Lot of 1½ acres, Old Esquimalt Road	3,000
Lot, 1st street, corner Market	825
Lot, 1st street, near Hillside Ave	800
Lot, South Turner	950
Lot, South Turner	900
Lot, McClure street, close to centre of town	1,00
Lot, South Road, ¼ acre	900
Lot, ¾ acre, fronting car line, Esquimalt Road	2,625
Lot, 1 acre, Richmond Road	2,500
Lot, 6 acres, fronting The Arm and Gorge Road	12,000
Lot, 3½ acres, Old Esquimalt Road	5,000
Lot, 2 acres, Craigflower Road	2,100
6 room Cottage House and 2 corner lots, Bridge and David streets	3,675
8 room 2 story House, bath, &c. (new); stabling for 14 horses, etc., Work Est.	3,150
7 room House (new), bath, etc., and lot, close to Beacon Hill Park	3,150
7 room House (new), bath, etc., lot and stable	3,150
7 room House (new), bath, etc., and lot, Hillside Ave	2,800
7 room House (new), bath, etc., and lot, do	3,000
8 room House (new), heated with hot air, bath, hot and cold water, basement, stone foundation, lot 60x120, close to Park	4,300
6 room 2 story House, ¾ acre lot, bath, outhouses, etc., close to Russel Station	3,600
9 room House and 2 lots, Spring Ridge	$ 2,500
7 rooom House and lot, Pandora street	3,500
6 room House and lot, North Park street	2,800
One or two handsome Mansions and grounds	
200 Acres, Lake District, 40 cultivated, 50 swamp, per acre	50
324 Acres, at Ladners, in blocks to suit, per acre	90
100 Acres, Metchosin, 80 clear, per acre	50
73 Acres, Port Moody, water front. Terms	
3,440 Acres, Timber, estimate 65 M per acre	
176 Acres, Cobble Hill, close to Station, per acre	15
25 Acres, Garden land, Carey Road, per acre	300
200 Acres, Lake District, 40 clear, per acre	27.50
130 Acres, more or less, near proposed bridge, Pitt River, New Westminster District, per acre	40

Also lands in other parts of the Island and Province.

Several large blocks of lands suitable for subdivision, both within and without new city boundary.

Most eligible Building Lots near the Sea and Park.

TO LET:

11 Room House. All modern improvements. Coach House, Stable, Orchard, &c. Beautifully situate close to Beacon Hill Park. Fully furnished and ready for immediate occupation.

Several Houses at moderate rent.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR STARTING IN BUSINESS.

TO LET, 5 COMMODIOUS NEW STORES, DOUGLAS STREET

GOOD TRADING LOCALITY. DWELLINGS ANNEXED.

Rent Moderate, $20 per Month

Special Arrangements will be made with Tenants as to Store Fittings.

MONEY to lend on Freehold Security at Current Rates.
RENTS AND INTEREST punctually collected and accounted for.
CONVEYANCES, Leases, Mortgages prepared and transactions of every nature in connection with Real Estate expeditiously carried out.
PROPERTY SALES effected strictly on Commission.

For Further Particulars, Prices, Etc.,

—APPLY AT—

37 GOVERNMENT STREET

Corner of Broughton.

The Colonist.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1891.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY

W. H. ELLIS. A. G. SARGISON. } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMET ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada)..... $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate
Per week (if delivered)..... 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States..... $ 2 00
Six Months..... 1 25
Three Months..... 75

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REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

Not more than one week—30 cents.

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☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

OLD CARIBOO.

It is to be hoped that the Legislature will grant the Ashcroft and Cariboo Company the alteration in their charter they desire. Cariboo ought to be opened up. All that it requires to become a very rich region, perhaps the richest in the province, is railway accommodation. It has been pining for that for years, and the Legislature should give the projectors of the road all the encouragement possible. If the company can get on with the road more speedily with one million of capital than with ten million, why not give it the chance it asks for. If its position is improved by the change, the public which is to benefit by the road, should rejoice. We are quite sure that the people of the province are more than willing to give the company any indulgence that will aid in raising Cariboo to its old pre-eminence.

NOT THE HEART BUT THE HEAD.

The Times in trying to explain away a falsehood it had published respecting the action taken in Parliament by Col. Prior, with respect to the Japan steamers calling at Victora, says :—

"If the Times lied it was an error of the head instead of the heart."

This trying to distribute blame between the heart and the head is a very old trick. It is resorted to by hardened sinners, who can find no other excuse for their weaknesses and wickednesses. For our part we have never been able to draw this distinction between the heart and the head. They are both so intimately connected, so inextricably mixed up that it is quite impossible for any one to decide what share each has in the commission of any particular offence. We should say, that if there is any vice in which the head has a preponderating influence, it is that of lying. Liars, to be successful, must be very clever, and it is proverbial that they must have good memories. Here, like most others who take liberties with the truth, the Times is weak. It in trying to excuse itself for asserting that Col. Prior voted against Mr. Davie's resolution, says:

"The despatches at the time were to that effect. And the Times, in common with the rest of the people of Victoria, wondered and commented adversely on the Colonel's attitude. The question now arises, why did not the Col., at that time, make the explanation he did last night?"

The Times forgets that Col. Prior did make, nearly two years ago, the very same explanation that he did in the Victoria theatre on Wednesday evening. The explanation was known to Victorians at the time, and was published in THE COLONIST. The issue of this paper, of May 16th, 1889, contains the following article:

"A correspondent in the Times tries to create the impression that Colonel Prior shirked the vote on Mr. Davies' amendment relative to the China and Japan steamers calling at Victoria. Col. Prior did nothing of the kind, for the simple reason that no vote was taken. There is a good deal of misunderstanding about this matter. The amendment was moved by Mr. Davies, and several members, including Mr. Ward and Mr. Prior, spoke upon it. While the debate was going on Mr. Prior proposed to move an amendment to Mr. Davies' amendment, but found that the Government would not support it, and that he would be left its only supporter. He then signified his intention to Mr. Davies to vote for his amendment, which he certainly would have done if there had been a division upon it. But Mr. Laurier, the Leader of the Opposition, for some reason or other did not see fit to press the motion to a division, but directed the Speaker to declare it lost on division. This is often done when it is found inconvenient or impolitic to take a vote on a motion which is certain to be lost. Our readers therefore see that Col. Prior did not shirk the vote on Davies' amendment, but, on the contrary, would have voted for it had the opportunity been afforded him."

This explanation is almost identical with that made by Col. Prior on Wednesday evening. If our contemporary's heart had been at fault it, if it is a sound one, would have prompted him to make the *amende honorable* without a moment's delay. But it did not. The lie was placed in the Times magazine to be used when ammunition against Col. Prior was needed. The excuse of the Times is therefore not a valid one. When it asked Col. Prior a few days ago, "What he meant by voting against the touching of the Japan steamers at this port?" it repeated a falsehood which had been exposed two years ago, and if our memory serves us, more than once since. If this was not an offence of the head rather than of the heart there is no sense in the distinction which our contemporary makes. The man who repeats a lie with intent to injure his neighbor after it has been proven more than once to be a lie, cannot plead weakness of heart. It must be attributed to hardness of head and deadness of conscience.

A DAY DREAM.

The Argonaut evidently believes that there is a fair prospect of Canada's falling into the lap of the United States like a ripe pear. It thinks it probable that the efforts of the Liberals to make it ripe for annexation will, before very long, be crowned with success. It discusses the advantages and disadvantages of the acquisition of Canada seriously. The disadvantages are few in its opinion, and the advantages are many. The principal advantage which it dilates upon is that Canada will be a new and a large market for the products of the fields and factories of the United States. The five millions of consumers will want a great deal which is raised and made in the United States and which can be produced there much more cheaply than they can in Canada. English goods being kept out by a high tariff, the Americans will have the Canadian market all to themselves. This is how the Argonaut gloats over the prospect of Canada, through the exertions of the Canadian Liberals, becoming part and parcel of the United States:

"A second objection is that political union will enable the Canadian farmers to compete with our farmers in our home markets. It should not be forgotten, however, that they would no longer be Canadian farmers, and as such would contribute their due share towards paying our national debt and supporting our national government. They would take vast quantities of our manufactured goods, thereby giving employment to thousands of additional men in our factories, and, in consequence, enlarging our home markets. As the Canadian winters are very cold, an excellent market would be furnished for our woollen goods, and this would help us to keep up the price of wool. The summers of Canada being intensely hot, our cotton factories would be called on to supply large quantities of cotton goods, and this would be a benefit to the planters of the South.

"The Canadians, on account of their climate, cannot grow corn to any great extent, and a very good market would be furnished for our surplus corn. As they cannot grow any of the fruits that are grown in warm latitudes they would have to look to us for their supply. Other natural products might be mentioned which they cannot grow on account of their climate, and which we could send to them in large quantities. It should not be forgotten that, although Canada has a population of only five millions, it is a country of vast extent, which, if under the stars and stripes, would, in time, be capable of supporting fifty millions. Our market in Canada would, therefore, become larger every year. It would be as wise to try to send Minnesota and Dakota adrift for the benefit of the farmers of the rest of the Union, as to strive to prevent Canada from becoming a part of the union, because her farmers would compete with those at present in this country. Canada would take as much from us as she would send to us, if she became part of the Union."

The Argonaut, the reader sees, has got the whole thing down very fine, but it is, we are glad to believe, counting its chickens before they are hatched. Although there are some traitors amongst us, it will be a long time yet ere Canadians become hewers of wood and drawers of water for the people of the United States.

MORE OBSTRUCTION.

The News-Advertiser when discussing the Kootenay Railway charters is weakly obstructive. After giving an account of last year's attempt to obtain a charter, it goes on to say:—

"We are therefore face to face with the simple question—is it desirable to authorise the construction of roads the primary, if not the sole, object of which is to extend the trade between the Kootenay mining district with the towns across the boundary line in the United States? That is, shall the trade which is anticipated will spring up by the development of the minerals of the Kootenay district be diverted to American towns and cities from the cities and towns of British Columbia? This is really the question to decide."

It will be observed that the Advertiser does not present to the public an alternative. We would state the position somewhat differently. We would say—we are face to face with the simple question—Is it desirable to authorise the construction of roads which will aid in the development of the rich Kootenay district at once, and transform what is now a desolate wilderness into a hive of industry, which will be every hour of every day adding to the wealth and the importance of the province, or shall we permit it to remain as it is until it suits the convenience or the interests of the Canadian Pacific Company to supply it with railway accommodation.

We think that intelligent men, who have the interest of the province at heart, can give but one answer to this question. Let us have the railways and the good results that cannot but follow their construction, without an hour's needless delay. When the roads are built and the country made productive, trade can be trusted to take care of itself. It will follow its natural channels in spite of the devil and Dr. Fanstus.

We can hardly believe that our contemporary is sincere in raising this bugbear of trade diversion. It knows very well that the first thing that ought to be done is to utilize the resources of the country. The means which will enable those who desire to settle in Kootenay district, to do that most quickly and to the greatest extent, are the best means. It is admitted that the Canadian Pacific is not in the position to do this now. Why then not give those who are willing to undertake the work at once the chance they desire. If they fail the Canadian Pacific will be in no worse a position than it is now, and if they succeed it will be more profitable for them to run their road into a busy freight-producing country than to penetrate an unsettled and almost unexplored country, in which their road must create its own business. We are greatly surprised at the obstinacy and the short-sightedness of the obstructives. National and trade jealousy ought not to be allowed to stand in the way of the progress of what almost everyone says is one of the richest mining regions in the world.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

WILL either of the Independent candidates try to tell the electors what they mean by unrestricted reciprocity? It is very evident that the Independent candidates and their organ are quite at sea on the subject. In Friday's issue of the organ we see the following inexplicable sentence: "The Colonel forgot to explain that, though unrestricted reciprocity should obtain between Canada and the United States, it would still be possible to mention the kind of goods that should not be admitted into the States free, and the customs officers might be stationed along the border to see that these goods were not smuggled into the United States." This is funny. The reciprocity is to be unrestricted, yet there are to be restrictions. Some kinds of goods will not be allowed to go into the States free. An unrestricted reciprocity which is restricted, or an unlimited free trade which is not free! Does the Times "know what it is talking about?"

SIR JOHN MACDONALD, Sir Charles Tupper, Sir Richard Cartwright, Mr. Erastus Wiman, Mr. Hitt, the New York Tribune, the New York Herald, and hundreds of other intelligent men and able newspapers, say that unrestricted free trade with the United States necessarily involves discrimination against Great Britain, but Mr. Marchant says that it does not. Whom are we to believe? We recommend that Independent candidate to try to find out what the New York Tribune means when it says:

"This nation has not the slightest notion of allowing Canada to open a back door as wide as it may please while tariff enactments by the United States are closing the front door against sundry importations at New York and Boston. If anybody is silly enough to suppose that such a plan is entertained by Americans he does not live in this country."

Mr. Marchant has evidently not taken in the significance of what the Tribune and others have said about this matter of discrimination. Can he?

BABY'S FACE WAS RAW

Distressing Itching Skin Disease Cured in One Month by the Cuticura Remedies.

When our boy was six weeks old he had a rash on his cheek. It spread on both cheeks and chin. His face was raw. I doctored with various remedies, but it got no better. My mother advised me to try the CUTICURA REMEDIES. I used them faithfully, and in one week the boy looked better. In one month he was cured, and now he is three years old and no signs of it returning. The child was so bad I had to tie him in a pillow-case, and pin his hands down so that he could not scratch his face. I cannot speak too highly of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. I recommend CUTICURA whenever I can. I would be pleased to see any one and talk to them of the good it has done my boy.

MRS. CYRUS PROSCH,
Costesville, Fort Lee P. O., N. J.

N. B. My husband is president of the Prosch Manufacturing Company, proprietors of the "Duplex" and "Triplex" Photographic Shutters, 389 Broome Street, New York City. He dislikes undesirable notoriety, but is willing to make sacrifices to benefit others, and assents to this testimonial to encourage the use of CUTICURA, and thus bring relief to others.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier, internally, and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, instantly relieve and speedily cure every disease and humor of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c.; SOAP, 35c.; RESOLVENT, 1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

☞ Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP. Absolutely pure.

RHEUMATIC PAINS

In one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatic, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest, and muscular pains and weaknesses. Price 30c.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Joseph H. Baker and Jerome E. Church, under the firm name of J. H. Baker & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will henceforth be carrried on by the said Joseph H. Baker, who assumes all liabilities of the late firm and to whom must be paid all credits due to the said firm.

J. H. BAKER.
fe27 J. E. CHURCH.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING,

130 YATES STREET—Now prepared to undertake orders for all the latest styles at shortest notice. Prices reasonable. Street costumes from $5 and upwards. ja18-1m

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

jsn1-1y R. B. ESNOUF, Secretary.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

145 DOZ.

Westside Maltese

KID GLOVES,

WITH PATENTED STUD FASTENINGS.

PRICE, PLAIN, - - - $1.25
" EMBROIDERED, - - 1.35

OUR GUARANTEE!

Should any customer return to us a pair not being as represented, or unsatisfactory in any particular, she will not have to wait or argue about it. We will give back the money or another pair.

J. HUTCHESON & CO

The Westside, Feb. 21, 1891.
fe21-tf

TO MAKE ROOM

For Large Spring Stock Coming,

HASTIE & ERSKINE

are giving extraordinary good value in

BEDROOM SUITES, SIDEBOARDS, &C.

☞ The tenth carload has just arrived, and the eleventh is now due. ☜

CARPETS. Lower than ever to clear before new goods arrive. CARPETS.

62 GOVERNMENT STREET.
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FOR SALE.

$50 DOWN, BALANCE $20 QUARTERLY,

AT 5 PER CENT. INTEREST.

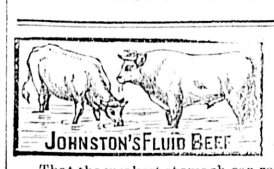
Lots on the Fairfield Estate

NEAR HENLEY'S HOTEL.

Size 50x120. Price $450 upwards, on above conditions as to payment.

FLINT & WILLIAMS

☞ CORNER FORT AND BROAD STREETS ☜ fe18



A VALUABLE FOOD FOR DYSPEPTICS

Because it can be so Easily Digested

That the weakest stomach can retain and thoroughly assimilate it. It imparts stimulus to the system, strengthens and enriches the blood, invigorates and nourishes the body, and builds up a strong robust constitution.

THE GREAT STRENGTH-GIVER.
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BUSINESS FOR SALE

AT 109 DOUGLAS STREET.

Fancy Goods, Notions and Tobacco.

For particulars apply on the premises. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. fe8-1m

CARD OF THANKS.

I BEG TO RETURN my sincere thanks to the California Insurance Company for the prompt payment, through their agents Messrs. Hall, Goepel & Co., of my claim of $9,000 loss on the scaling schooner "Ariel."

fe26-3t S. W. BUCKNAM.

BUSINESS CARDS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS, VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received and interest paid on the same.

Drafts, Telegraphic Transfers, Letters of Credit issued on San Francisco, New York, London, Ireland, Scotland, Montreal and all parts of Canada, Europe and the United States.

Gold Dust bought at highest rates.

Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.
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Phœnix Fire Assurance Company,

OF LONDON,
ESTABLISHED A. D. 1782.

UNLIMITED LIABILITY.

LOSSES PAID, OVER SEVENTEEN MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

Claims settled with promptitude and liberality, without reference to the home office.

THOS. C. NUTTALL,
82 Government Street. oc1-1y Agent.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1803.

INVESTED FUNDS OVER $8,000,000.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.

Agent, H. E. CROASDAILE, 42 Fort Street.
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HOOPER & GODDARD,

ARCHITECTS.

☞ Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. tf

EDWARD McCOSKRIE & Co.

Architects and Building Superintendents.

Belmont Co. Block, Yates Street.

P.O. Box 41. oc1-tf VICTORIA, B.C.

THOS. B. NORGATE & CO.,

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76 YATES STREET,

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WALLER & DOWNER,

91 YATES ST.

Sanitary Plumbers, Steam, Gas and Hot Water Engineers.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

ALL JOB WORK PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
ja30-1m

JOSEPH SEARS,

Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger.

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Plate Glass, Wall Papers, &c.

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DR. LEWIS HALL,

DENTIST,

GRADUATE PHILADELPHIA DENTAL COLLEGE.

Gas, ether and also latest improved electric vibrator used for painless extraction of teeth.

Craft & Norris Block, - 95 Douglas Street.

Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. ap21

REMOVAL.

T. S. GORE, BURNET & CO.

LAND SURVEYORS & CIVIL ENGINEERS,

have removed their office to No. 14 Chancery Lane, opposite New Law Courts.
ja20-1yr-d&w

GRAND PALACE HOTEL,

81 to 103 North Clark St.,

CHICAGO.

Four minutes from Court House. Both Plans. Weekly, $3.00. Transients, 50c. up. Restaurant by Compagnon, late Chicago Club, Chef. Popular prices. New house. Cut this out for further reference. fe19-1m

Five 5-Acre Blocks

FOR SALE.

Suitable for Residences or Chicken Ranches.

ELEGANT POSITION ON THE MAIN ROADS.

Apply early to

W. JONES,

25 Cormorant St.
oc22-6m

Bargains in Clothing

—AND—

UNDERCLOTHING.

Being about to retire from business, my entire stock of Clothing and Underwear, Hats, &c., are selling at 30 per cent. below the usual price.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

the well-known stand situated at 44 Yates st. Unless you have ample means do not apply.

LEWIS LEWIS.
d7-3m

FOR SALE.

One hundred and sixty-five and one-half acres of land; all under fence; with two barns, dwelling and office. Houses, at Boundary Bay. Apply to Wm. McDowell, 54 Menzies St., James Bay, or to J. A McDowell, on the premises.
fe27-1m-w

STEAMER FOR SALE.

THE TWIN SCREW STEAMER

"CARIBOO FLY,"

as she now lies on the ways at the Star Ship Yard, together with her outfit of

Boats, Life Boats, Bedding, Linen.

Length 132 ft. 2 in. Beam 22ft. 3 in. 281 87-100 Tons.
For further particulars apply to

HENRY SAUNDERS,
Johnson Street, Victoria.
fe11-tf

DRY GOODS.

GILMORE AND McCANDLESS

37 JOHNSON ST.

$2 BARGAINS IN $3 BOYS' SUITS

Commencing to-morrow, the 23rd, for one week.

We have a job lot at $2, $2.50 and $3 a Suit.

Bring your boys along and we will sell you a suit for $3 that is worth $5 anywhere.

Boys' Knee Pants $1 and $1.25; size from 22 to 28.

Boys' Odd Vests, 75c.

We have an immense stock of Suits on the way. This is the first lot to arrive. If you buy a suit and don't like it when you get home, we will refund the money cheerfully.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

37 Johnson St.

TENDERS.

TO BUILDERS.

SEPARATE TENDERS are requested by 5 p.m. of Saturday, February 28th, for the building of a residence on Belcher Avenue for Alan. S. Dumble on, Esq. Plans to be seen and forms of tender obtained at the offices of the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

CORNELIUS J. SOULE,
Architect,
New Turner Block,
fe22-6t Douglas Street.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO 12 o'clock noon of Monday the 2nd instant, for the erection and completion of a three-story brick building to be built on Yates street.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Hooper & Godderd. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

HOOPER & GODDARD,
Architects,
fe24-3t Over Spencer's Arcade.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO 6 o'clock of Wednesday the 4th inst., for the erection and completion of a residence to be built on the corner of Menzies and Rithet streets.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

HOOPER & GODDARD,
Architects,
fe24-4t Over Spencer's Arcade.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned until Saturday, the 28th, noon, for the erection and completion of a frame residence for Mrs. S. Cave, to be built on Lot 6, Richmond Avenue, opposite the Jubilee Hospital.

Plans and specifications may be seen and other information may be obtained by applying at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

EDWARD McCOSKRIE,
Architect.
fe24 Yates Street, Victoria, B.C.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned until Saturday, 28th inst., 4 p.m., for the erection of a School House, St. James Church.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

EDW. MALLANDAINE.
fe24-td Architect.

MUNICIPAL.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE office of the undersigned until Tuesday next the 3rd day of March proximo, for the construction of an exercise wagon for Fire Department purposes.

Specifications of same may be seen at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order of the Fire Wardens.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office, Feb. 24, 1891.

MUNICIPAL.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the City Clerk will be received until 4 p.m., on Tuesday the 3rd March, for the erection of a Pipe Shed and fencing.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Sanitary Engineer, City Hall.

Tenders must be accompanied by a certified cheque or cash equivalent to five per cent. of the amount of tender. fe27-4t

MUNICIPAL.

TENDERS will be received at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday the 11th of March prox., at 4 p.m., for supplying to the Corporation 200 tons of 4 inch cast iron water pipes.

Specifications may be seen at this office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's Office. C. M. C.
fe27-td

TENDERS are called for by the undersigned for the purchase of a new two story house and lot on Bay street, having a frontage on the harbor of seventy-six feet, 120 feet deep, and seventy-six feet frontage on Bay street, up to noon of April 4th, 1891. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. JAMES BLAND, Sr., Bay st., Victoria West. fe7-2m

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Removal.

Geo. H. Maynard has removed his stock of boots and shoes to 72 Yates street, and was in full blast yesterday, the sale still goes on, and will continue until his spring goods arrive. *

May Prove Fatal.

A young lad named Charles Keefer, while coasting down one of the side streets in Vancouver yesterday, collided with a hack. The little fellow had one leg broken and his head badly bruised; his injuries, it is feared, will prove fatal.

Launched To-day.

The Hudson Bay Co.'s new Skeena river steamer Caledonia will be launched at New Westminster this morning, and at once brought to this city, where she will have her powerful machinery put in, at Spratt's wharf, by the Albion Iron Works. Another new sealing schooner will also be launched in this city to-day.

Capt. Dunn's Case.

A settlement has at last been reached in the case of the late Capt. Dunn, the Corporation of New Westminster agreeing to influence subscriptions for the benefit of the widow and orphans, and guaranteeing a certain amount. It is understood that this arrangement has been accepted as satisfactory by the Hudson's Bay Co.

The Latest Designs.

During the Christmas week Pennock & Kingham had such a great sale of silver ware, that they completely sold out. To fill the demand, a very fine assortment has just arrived, some of which is as follows: A full set of fish eaters, with carving and fish sets to match; candelabras, champagne areators; biscuit jars, and *tete-a-tete* sets. *

This is no Place for Them.

The leper house of Chinatown, as the little shack in the rear of the Chinese theatre is generally known, was deserted yesterday, the inmate going to another part of the quarter held possession of by his countrymen. There are now, it is said, four Chinese lepers in this city, who would go back to their native land if their fare was paid. Would it not be good policy to get rid of them in this manner?

Close of Boot Sale.

Our great annual boot and shoe sale will close Saturday night, 28th inst. Our spring stock is now en route and comprises every description of ladies', gents' and children's wear from the best manufactures only. Our prices for boots and shoes is always exact cost. We sell them only to gain your trade in other lines.

RUSSELL, McDONALD & Co.,
1t 134 Douglas street.

New Books.

"A False Couple," by Mrs. Jennie S. Holmes. This is a decidedly flashy and shallow, but not uninteresting story of metropolitan life, just issued, in paper cover, at 30 cents. "Black Beauty," the Uncle Tom's Cabin of the Horse, by Anna Jewell, is another book just out. It is more meritorious than Mrs. Holmes' production, and can be had at the same price. Both books are on sale at the Central book store, Government street.

Vacating.

The Chinese inhabitants of the small section of the city to be occupied by the public market are all now on the move, and the quarter will be placed at the disposal of the market committee, early next week. The majority of those forced to seek new homes, have found accommodation in other parts of Chinatown, the decrease in the celestial population rendering many of the cabins vacant. A few of the cabins in Stronachville have been secured by the evicted Chinamen, but the boundaries of their quarters have not been, practically, extended at all by the clearing out of the settlement between Fisgard and Cormorant streets.

Rock Creek Mines.

Recent advices from a special correspondent give very favorable reports of mining matters at Rock Creek and Okanagon. It is reported, on good authority, that a Spokane company, aided by Montana capitalists, intend bringing in machinery and a mill to work the Cariboo and Amelia mines, upon which a large quantity of good ore is in sight. Mr. J. Douglass, the enterprising manager of the Douglass mine, is expected back shortly from New York to prosecute the work and erect machinery. Samples of ore were forwarded to London by Mr. Banington Price, from the Okanagan mines, and it is currently reported that the property is bonded to London capitalists, who will send out their expert early in the spring to proceed with development. Altogether the news from that section bids fair for a thriving camp, of which every resident in the district has every confidence, will soon prove a busy and profitable centre of mining industry.

Terry on Trial.

A Tacoma special of Thursday to the Post-Intelligencer says: "Chester L. Terry, an ex-custom inspector of Seattle, appeared in the United States district court to-day, and on the recognizance of Judge Roger S. Greene, of Seattle, was released in $500 bonds to appear for trial the first day of the next term of court, on the charge of having smuggled opium into this country, in company with Edwin A. Gardner, in 1888. Terry came over to-day with the intention of pleading guilty to the second count of the indictment, which charged him with concealing the contraband opium. This he could not do inasmuch as he denied taking any part in smuggling the opium into this country. He will accordingly stand trial on the first count, and then plead guilty to the second. Terry and Gardner were charged with concealing 500 pounds of opium valued at $6,000. Terry escaped to Victoria and Gardner stood trial and was acquitted, subsequently being sentenced to eight years imprisonment for smuggling in New York state."

Taking the Census.

On the 6th of April next, the work of the census enumerators throughout the Dominion will commence under the direction of fourteen chief officers, of whom Mr. G. Sargison has been appointed for British Columbia. The chief officers will divide the work among commissioners, one for each of the Dominion electoral districts, and acting under the direction of the commissioners will be the enumerators. All of these officers are under oath and the results of their research will place before the public most comprehensive, interesting and reliable statistics, not only of population, but of resources of all kinds, real estate values, and in fact all information necessary for showing intelligently the condition of the country from every standpoint. The eight schedules to be filled out by the enumerators contain a total of over 160 questions—a very simple and yet comprehensive list. Although there are so many questions to be answered the work will be comparatively easy when undertaken by enumerators who understand it. This province, being in part almost inaccessible, will be the most difficult in the Dominion to handle, and the work can hardly be completed before midsummer.

Due Care Observed.

The contractor and workmen employed in clearing the ground for the erection of the Five Sisters' block, are doing everything in their power to ensure the safety and convenience of the public. As the buildings are taken to pieces, the bricks and old lumber are sent to the ground via a toboggan slide, so that passers-by need not keep a watchful eye on flying debris. A protecting fence and walk has also been constructed around the third of the street to which the builders are entitled.

With a Pistol.

B. X. Boone, a well-known contractor of Port Townsend, succeeded in committing suicide by shooting himself with a pistol through the forehead early yesterday morning. This was the third attempt he had made to take his life. The shooting must have taken place about 3 o'clock, as he was seen on the street late the night before, and and distinctly heard in his room by one of the proprietors of the Louvre saloon, who occupies a room immediately adjoining that of the unfortunate man. Whiskey is supposed to be at the bottom of the tragedy.

He Had a Grand Funeral.

Chin Ah You, the old Chinese interpreter who died recently, was buried in state, yesterday afternoon. The funeral procession which followed the remains of the departed tyhee to the cemetery, numbered 54 carriages as it passed through Government street, and included two full bands which produced the most agonizing music imaginable as the cortege moved along. There were also three carriage loads of priests or mourners, all in white; and three express wagons loaded with pork and the worldly goods of the deceased brought up the rear of the procession.

On the Stump.

About one hundred attended the Opposition meeting in Victoria West, last night, when Mr. H. A. Munn acted as chairman. Messrs. Templeman and Marchant went over their usual ground, and the meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the chair.

A Model Letter Writer.

Among the testimonials presented to the school board last night by one of the applicants for the position of first assistant at the High School, was the following:—

"this is to Certify that Mr. —— as been teache for the last tearm & he as Given the Greatest satisfaction in all is Branches & to drites Which We Whore sorrey to lose him bu he is Worth A better sChool
See sChool Borde."

Canada's Crisis.

In an able article on "Canada's Crisis," the San Francisco News Letter says: "The United States will never again give the British colony of Canada, a reciprocity treaty. Our interest does not lie that way, and the Canadian people would do well to reckon with that fact. When we withdrew from the old treaty it was because it was doing much to create prosperity and contentment in Canada at our expense. If the Dominion wishes to return to that prosperous condition it can do so, but only through one door—political union."

Of Interest to Farmers.

As many farmers in this province complain that their cows are suffering from calculus of the kidney or bladder, the following remedy, prescribed by D. McEacheran, F.R.C.V.S., is published by request: Administer at the outset a laxative dose of raw linseed oil, about three half-pints. About three days follow this up with small doses of nitric and hydrochloric acids, two drams of each to be mixed in the drinking water night and morning. Keep the cow in a comfortable house and feed on nutritious food.

Increased Mail Facilities.

Arrangements with the Spokane & Northern have been perfected for a daily mail and passenger line between Spokane Falls and Revelstoke, on the Canadian Pacific, and also with Kootenai. It is probable that a semi-weekly service will commence as early as April, and that during May it will be increased to a daily service by the addition of the boats in the Columbia river that are now being built for the purpose. Mail leaving Spokane Falls in the morning will be delivered in Nelson the same evening and arrive at Revelstoke the following day.

Mr. Offerhaus Appointed.

At a special meeting of the board of public school trustees, held last evening, Mr. Charles Hayward presided, and Trustees Walker, Erskine, Hall and Mallandaine were present. Applications for the position of first assistant in the High School were received from Messrs. John H. Kerr, B.A.; Jas. H. McGill, B.A.; E. B. Paul, M.A.; R. Landels, B.A.; O. H. Cogswell, B.A.; S. J. Lee, Gregory H. Tom and R. Offerhaus, B.A. Mr. Offerhaus received the appointment, three voting for him and two against.

Young Ladies Journal, 30 cents per copy, at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s.

MORAL REFORM.

Adoption of Resolutions on the Subject by a Public Meeting, Last Evening.

The Sunday Observance Law Endorsed—Social Evil and Gambling Again Brought Forward.

The Temperance and Moral Reform Association, which came into existence some time before the last mayoralty election, held their first public meeting last evening, in the Lyceum, Pandora street. Mr. Alex. Wilson, on being appointed chairman, asked the speakers of the evening to take seats on the platform, and, in response to the invitation, the following gentlemen came forward: Revs. M. L. Rugg, Coverdale Watson, J. H. White, C. W. Townsend, J. Hall and D. Fraser, Messrs. Haughton and Pillar and Ald. McKillican.

In opening the meeting, the chairman explained how the association came to be formed; it was for the protection of our city's reputation and our homes, especially for the protection of the young men. Every right thinking man or woman could not but endorse this platform. The rumsellers were not masters of Victoria, and the council had a right, without consulting them, to regulate the hours for the sale of liquor. All would admit that the gambling houses, which now disgraced the city, should be promptly stamped out, and a Sabbath observance law should be placed on the statute books and enforced. He placed before the meeting the following resolution, the passage of which would tend toward the accomplishment of much needed reforms in the city;

Moved by J. H. White, and seconded by T. Haughton:—That this meeting is in hearty sympathy with the efforts now being made for the restriction of the liquor traffic by the passing of a measure in the provincial legislature for the closing of saloons from 7 p.m. on Saturday till 7 a.m. on Monday, and between 11 p.m. and 7 a.m. on other days of the week, by the strict enforcement of the law with regard to the cancelling of business, and by the prevention of the issue of new licenses, and that this meeting pledge its support to the Government, the City Council and the Moral Reform Association in every honest attempt to take away our reproach, as the the only city in the Dominion which places no restrictions upon the hours during which liquor may be sold."

Rev. Mr. Rugg, in presenting his resolution to the meeting, regretted that Victoria had allowed Vancouver and Westminster to get ahead of her in enacting proper laws for the regulation of the liquor traffic. Was Victoria to be the only city in the province to neglect her duty in this important matter? The reverend gentleman proceeded to quote numerous pamphlets, in proof of his statement that the liquor laws of the neighboring states were superior to those of British Columbia. It was true that the laws were grossly violated in Seattle, but they were movements in the right way. The speaker denied that restrictive liquor laws, or moral reform in any form, would keep people away from the city. It would induce the better quality of immigration, and would thus be beneficial. No good citizen would deny that it was better to have the "blue laws" of righteousness than the present "black laws" of shame.

Mr. T. Haughton, the seconder of the motion, thought the time for action had arrived; sixty or seventy saloon men were not to dictate the wishes of the entire population.

The resolution was carried.

A second resolution was offered by Rev. Mr. White and Ald McKillican to the following effect: "That this meeting is in full sympathy with the efforts of the Moral Reform Association to secure the enforcing of the laws against the social evil, against gambling, and for the protection of those under age, of both sexes; and that the meeting expects from the present council, such action as shall secure the faithful and impartial execution of these laws by the Chief of Police and his officers."

The mover of this resolution explained it briefly, dwelling upon the effect upon the minds of the young of the recognition of immorality at present in existence in this city. Ald. McKillican, being one of the city fathers, promised to do all in his power at the council board to stamp out the evils referred to. Gambling he especially made war upon, and he remarked, if the officers of the city would do their duty gambling would be very materially lessened. Drinking and gambling went hand in hand, and many a week's wages now went over the card tables in this city as soon as earned.

The third resolution was introduced by Rev. Mr. Townsend and Mr. A. J. McLellan, and was as follows: "That this meeting expresses its hearty approval of the bill for the better observance of the Lord's Day, now before the legislature, and authorizes the chairman of this meeting to forward copies of this resolution to the Premier and to each of the members for the City of Victoria in the Provincial parliament. Both mover and seconder spoke upon their resolution forcibly, and it too was carried unanimously.

On motion of Revs. Watson and Fraser the platform of the Moral Reform Association was addopted by the meeting, which promised it every encouragement and support.

An invitation was extended to all present to become members of the association, and the meeting was brought to a close by the secretary, Mr. Pillar, reading the declaration required from every person seeking membership, and which is as follows:—

"I hereby declare my approval of the platform of this association, and promise my support in carrying out its objects."

The meeting having adjourned, many signatures were added to the rolls of the organization.

Meeting at Cedar Hill.

The meeting called at Cedar Hill for Monday evening next, at which *Messrs. Prior and Earle* will address the electors, *will commence at 7 o'clock*, instead of 6 o'clock as heretofore advertised.

H. D. HELMCKEN,
* Secretary.

Perfectly Satisfactory.

The deputation of the Trades and Labor Council which waited on Messrs. Prior and Earle to ascertain the views of those gentlemen, on the Chinese question, reported at last night's meeting. The report was to the effect that the answers given by Messrs. Prior and Earle to the questions put by the deputation, were perfectly satisfactory.

The Old Victory.

The Nanaimo Free Press saps: "The re-election of Mr. D. W. Gordon by acclamation at the hands of the electors of the extensive and important Vancouver Island district is one that the Conservative party and Mr. Gordon may well feel proud over. Mr. Gordon has been the representative of Vancouver district for the past eight years, and his unopposed return for a third term speaks unmistakably as to the earnest and faithful manner in which he has represented the interests of the district during that extended and eventful period. It is also a beacon light to show that the people of Vancouver district are still loyal to the Old Flag, the old policy, the old chieftain and the old victory."

An American Citizen.

The Times last evening attempts to make a point by stating that Mr. P. Hickey, whose name appears upon the nomination papers of Messrs. Prior and Earle, is an American citizen. Mr. Hickey was not a proposer of either of the Conservative candidates, but simply witnessed, with Mr. Gordon, the signatures of the proposers. The arrangement of the names was slightly mixed in the COLONIST, yesterday, and the Times, doubtless knowing the facts, attempted to make capital of the mistake. Would it not be better to look at home? It is stated that several of the signers of the Independents' nomination papers are American citizens, while several others have no vote in any country.

FORGED HIS NAME.

TO THE EDITOR:—A letter appears in last night's Times purporting to be from the members of the fire department. My name appears there without my knowledge or consent, and I do not know who placed it there. I would not have signed the letter had I been asked to do so. I never brace the theatre door as a D. H. on the strength of being a fireman. I always pay. If the cap fitted some of those whose signatures appear to the letter it is their own fault. However, I do not wish it believed that I am among them, and the use of my name in the letter referred to is simply a forgery.

H. McDOWELL,
Feb. 27, 1891. Foreman No. 3 Hose Co.

HE IS A PIONEER.

TO THE EDITOR:—In this evening's Times great stress is laid upon Mr. P. Hickey's signing Messrs. Earle and Prior's nomination paper, he being an American citizen. The old timers of British Columbia, who have known "Pat" for the last thirty years, consider that he had a far better right to sign it than the opposition candidates had to run. He has grown up with the province and stays here.

If this is one of the "planks" of the opposition platform it surely floats in very shallow water. Yours respectfully,

SPRING RIDGE.
Victoria, Feb. 27th, 1891.

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER.

Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Mr. G Daughty, cor. Blanchard and Fort streets, Fell & Co.'s, Fort street, or Cochrane & Munn's, Yates and Douglas sts, will be promptly attended to. Wood and Coal for sale. *au26-1y

LOST—On Saturday afternoon from Scoresby street, a large Irish Wolfhound dog; owners name, "A. G. Thynne," on collar. Any one finding same will please communicate with J D. Prentice, care of Bank B. N. A., or No. 18 Scoresby street, Victoria. fe22-3t

LOST—A Fox Terrier Dog, colored white, with black ears and nose; answers to the name of "Gip." A reward is offered for his return to 151 Pandora St. fe27

DENTAL SURGERY.

TO MY PATIENTS AND PUBLIC—Intending to leave for Europe in a short time, and in order of reducing my supply, I will make a reduction on my Improved Sets of Artificial Teeth. Sample set can be seen at my Office. DR. HARTMAN,
jly15-12m 59½ Government Street.

THE TICKET.

MARK YOUR BALLOTS FOR THE CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATES.

EARLE, THOMAS, Merchant.	X
MARCHANT, WILLIAM, Merchant.	
PRIOR, EDWARD GAWLER, Merchant.	X
TEMPLEMAN, WILLIAM, Journalist.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Largest
—AND—
MOST COMPLETE STOCK
—OF—
CLOTHING
—AND—
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
—IS AT—
W. J. JEFFREE'S
40 YATES ST.

N. B.—A splendid assortment of Boys' Ribbed Woollen Knicker and Cashmere Stockings, in Navy, Black and Heather.
ja21

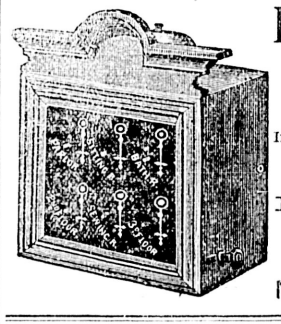
LADIES INCREASE YOUR COMFORT BY WEARING FEATHERBONE. TRY A SAMPLE PAIR. SOLD EVERYWHERE. ASK FOR FEATHERBONE CORSETS. THEY ARE MORE DURABLE. THEY ARE MORE GRACEFUL. THEY ARE MORE STYLISH. CORSETS. THAN ANY OTHER CORSET IN THE MARKET. MADE ONLY BY THE CANADA FEATHERBONE CO. LONDON, ONT.
oc22t-a-w6mo

WEILER BROS.,
Successors to JOHN WEILER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Furniture and Importers of House Furnishing Goods
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

New lines of Antique Oak Furniture, just received. irst arrival of Spring Carpets just to hand. Lace Curtains in great variety.

Largest stock of Crockery, Glassware, Wallpaper, Carpets, Linoleums, Cutlery, Plated-ware, etc., in the province. Wholesale and retail. Prices uniform, and as low as any firm in the city. Satisfaction guaranteed.

51 TO 55 FORT STREET
THROUGH TO BROUGHTON. de22-12m



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BURGLAR ALARMS Etc.

In all Designs and Combinations Supplied and put in with Neatness and Despatch by Trained Workmen Under the Direction of

R. B. McMICKING,

Thirty-five years experience in Electric and Wire Work. All work Guaranteed. Orders taken at

NO. 10 TROUNCE AVENUE.

A. P. JOYCE & CO.,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
Room 6, Bank of British Columbia Building, Victoria, B.C.
au22-12m

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED

TO THE EDITOR:

Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and Post Office Address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M.C., 186 West Adelaide St., TORONTO, ONTARIO.

SPENCER'S SALE
Monday, February 1.
GREAT REDUCTION IN EACH DEPARTMENT

Mantles, Jackets, Costumes, Tea Gowns, Blouses and Jerseys, below cost. Dress Patterns, Short Lengths and REMNANTS, greatly reduced to clear. Kid Gloves slightly spoiled, at half price; a clearing lot at 50c. per pair. 100 pair Lace Curtains, a consignment, price $2.75, original price $4. Table Linen, Towels, Napkins, at clearing prices. A fine line of Ladies' and Children's Cashmere Hose at 25c., worth 50c. Muslin Embroidery, Flouncings, Edgings, etc., must be seen to be appreciated. Remnants of Carpet, Rugs, Mats, etc., at cost, for sale days only.

☞ SEE WINDOWS.

DAVID SPENCER, PROPRIETOR.

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue Established, 1862. f-1

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY. M. R. SMITH & Co, 57 Fort Street. Factory 94 Niagara Street. P.O. Box 289. Telephone call 121. f-1

BUTCHERS.

PEOPLE'S MARKET, 99 JOHNSON ST. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Choice Meats, Vegetables, etc. All orders delivered promptly to any part of the city. f-1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government Street. P.O. Box 318. Japanese goods in endless variety. f-1

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

McLEAN & STEWART, CLOTHIERS & Outfitters, 31 Fort Street. f-1

DOCTORS.

DR. ERNEST HALL, L.R.C., EDINBURGH, etc. Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat a specialty. Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets; hours, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Residence, corner Fort and Quadra streets; hours, 6 to 7:30 p.m. f1

HOMOEOPATHY.—DR. JOHN HALL, 98 YATES st., over Cochrane & Munn's drug store, Chronic and Children's Diseases a specialty. Office hours from 1 to 4 p.m., only excepting Sundays and holidays. f1

DRUGGISTS.

J. TEAGUE, JR., DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST, 57 Yates street. The celebrated "B. Laurance" spectacles. No fancy prices. f1

GUNMAKERS.

HENRY SHORT, GUNMAKER, IMPORTER of Sporting Goods, Turner Block, Douglas St., near Yates. Established 1862. f1

GROCER—RETAIL.

NEW GOODS—JUST RECEIVED FROM the East: Fine Oatmeal, Granulated Oatmeal and Rolled Oats. Try them. R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street. fe1

HOTELS.

ROYAL HOTEL—CORNER FORT AND Douglas streets. Elegantly fitted furnished rooms. f1

DELMONICO HOTEL—107 GOVERNMENT street. Rooms by the day or week, for families and the travelling public. First-class bar and billiard parlors attached. Petrie & Cook, Proprietors. f1

COLONIAL METROPOLE—HAS BEEN entirely rebuilt, and refurnished with all modern improvements. Rates from $1 to $2 per day. Best moderate price hotel in city. 31 and 33 Johnson street. Thos. Tugwell f1

INSURANCE.

WM. JOHNSON—FIRE, LIFE AND Accident Insurance. Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government street. f1

MERCHANT TAILORS.

GEO R. JACKSON, (SUCCESSOR TO J. C. Leask). The leading Tailor, 55 Govt. street. Fine dress suits a specialty. f-1

MANUFACTURERS.

BRACKMAN & KER, MANUFACTURERS and Dealers in Flour, Bran, Hay, Grain, Meals, Pearl Barley, Split Peas, Hominy, Etc. Office and warehouse, Government street, Victoria, Mills at North Saanich, B.C. P.O. Box 567. Telephone No. 167. f-1

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS.

PENNOCK & KINGHAM, THE LEADING Manufacturing Jewellers and Diamond Setters, 49 Government street, opposite Bank of B. C. f-1

A. A. CLAYTON, THE LEADING MANUFACTURING Goldsmith and Watchmaker. 47 Government street, opposite Bank of B.C. f-1

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 99 DOUGLAS Street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 97 Douglas St., Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. f-1

REAL ESTATE.

HAWTHORNTHWAITE & CO., REAL Estate Brokers, 30 Fort St. Offices—Victoria, Blaine and San Francisco. f-1

RESTAURANTS.

STEITZ'S RESTAURANT AND BAKERY, open day and night. Social parties and banquets supplied on shortest notice. Oysters and game in season. C. C. Fox, f-1

TAKE NOTICE that I, Ellen Johnson, now carrying on business at the New York Restaurant, Yates street, Victoria city, widow, intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the said city, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented liquors by retail at the brick building premises situated on the South side of Yates street aforesaid and known as 67 and 69 Yates street, Victoria city. The said building and premises to be opened by me as an hotel and restaurant.

MRS. ELLEN JOHNSON.
Dated Feb 6, 1891. fe7-1m

ELITE RESTAURANT, JOHNSON ST. Geo. Amorsen, proprietor. 21 meals for $1.00. fe1

A. RUDOLPH, COFFEE, BAKERY, CONFECTIONERY, ice cream parlor, 137 Douglas street. Ornamental work a specialty, and banquets supplied at shortest notice. f-1

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

A. B. GRAY & CO., IMPORTERS & COMMISSION Agents. Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. f-1

HENRY SAUNDERS, IMPORTER AND Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. drawer H. Telephone No. 28. f-1

LENZ & LEISER, IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN and Domestic Dry Goods, Gents Furnishing Goods, &c. Yates street, Victoria B.C. f-1

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR

Fresh Assortment of Goods
Received per S.S. Parthia.

Bamboo Tables and Stools, Baskets, Table Mats, Large Variety of Tea Sets, Trays, etc.

GOOD SELECTION OF
BULBS OF LARGE FLOWERING LILIES.

FULL LINES OF OUR USUAL CURIOS
Silk Goods, Etc.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO
41 FORT STREET. ja30

ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

Complete Description of the Plant of the National E. T. & L. Company.

The Tramway Company Successfully Started Their Lighting System Last Evening.

The electric plant consists of two A 35 Thomson-Houston alternating current composite filled dynamos of 650 lights capacity each, and two small continuous dynamos of about five h. p. each, these last two being used to excite the field magnets on the larger machines. The dynamos are driven from a counter shaft, Schiesens perforated belts being used, these belts embody several novel features, and are the first used in B. C. The counter shafting is driven by a 130 h. p. Corliss-type engine, made by the Albion Iron Works, the shafting is also equipped with a Hill friction coupling, thus rendering the engine used to operate the tramway available for the operation of lights should emergency require it; this management renders a "shut down" almost impossible. The switch board is a handsome piece of red wood, which shows off to advantage the polished black marble switches and other instruments used for controling and measuring the current. All the most improved devices have been used on this branch, double, full double throw switches, which make it possible to throw all the lights on to one machine by a single movement, lightning arresters, ground detectors, which will show where the "trouble" is located, and the usual complement of ampere meters, volt meters, rheostats, fuse blocks, etc. The line construction is of the best; no trouble or expense has been spared to render the lines strong, durable, and as little of an eye-sore to the public as possible. Wire of high insulating qualities has been used and poles erected of sufficient height to carry the wire over all telephone, telegraph and other wires, thus eliminating the danger from falling telephone and other wires. All branch lines are equipped with "junction boxes," so that, in case of trouble, any branch may be cut out and the trouble repaired without interfering with the general service. This will be found advantageous in event of a fire in the vicinity of the lines, as it will be but a momentary work to render the wires in that vicinity far locality harmless.

The potential used on the "mains" is 1,000 volts. This, although dangerous, is a lower potential than is carried by the arc light circuit.

Before entering the houses the 1,000 volts, or "primary current," passes through a device called a "transformer," or "converter," in which the voltage of the primary current is reduced to 52 volts, so that the "secondary current," which enters the houses, is reduced to less than one half of the potential of the present system of house lighting.

The transferers are placed on poles outside of buildings, in places inaccessible to the public, so that the danger from the high potential used is very slight. Great care has been taken with the interior wiring, the best grades of wire being used, also porcelain switches, rosettes and fuses boxes. The use of porcelain in the above places materially reduces the fire risk. All installations are made in strict compliance with rules issued by the board of fire underwriters.

Among the latest and most improved devices used in this installation is the Thomson Recording Watt meter and the Thomson Alternating arc lamp.

The former is an instrument of considerable ingenuity of design and great excellence of workmanship, which records the exact quantity of electricity that flows through it. These are placed in the houses or stores, and each consumer is charged with only the quantity of electricity actually used by him, thus enabling the consumer to exercise any desired degree of economy in the use of the light.

The lamp used is manufactured by the Thomson-Houston Elec. Co., under the Sawyer-Mann patents. This lamp gives a soft white light very agreeable to the eyes. They also have a long life, and are free from the blackening from use, so marked in the other systems. A most valuable feature of this lamp is a half twist given to the carbon filament, insuring a more even distribution of light than is possible with the straight filament.

The Tramway company make no charge for the renewal of those lamps, which fact consumers will not be slow to appreciate. The Thomson alternating arc lamp is a lamp of handsome appearance and is free from the waving and flickering so common in the ordinary arc lamp. These lamps are much smaller than the arch lamps now in use, and are particularly well suited for store lighting. These lamps are the first of the kind put out by the Thomson-Houston company.

BENEFIT RECEIVED

To the Editor:—In summing up the amount that has been received by the Province from the Dominion neither side has considered the contribution made by the Federal Government toward building the Island railway, $750,000, or the amount expended on the Esquimalt graving dock, nearly a million dollars. Of this latter sum $250,000 was secured from the Imperial Government. Now, both these expenditures were for the direct benefit of Victoria, and have greatly aided in its prosperity. The Albion Iron Works would never have been enabled to employ the great number of men engaged there without the presence of the dry dock at Esquimalt. The Island Railway, while it has not proved to be the factor in our progress that was anticipated, has added largely to our trade. Five per cent on a million and a half would be $75,000 per annum. Mr. Templeman should add this sum to his calculation. It is undoubtedly a fact that Victoria should have a customs house and postoffice in keeping with the business transacted. Both buildings were condemned last year by the inspectors, and it is more than probable that appropriations for the erection of suitable buildings will be made during the coming session.

VICTORIAN.

IN CHAMBERS.

(Before Mr. Justice Drake.)

Turner, Beeton & Co. v. Hobson—Adjourned summons. Settled. Bodwell & Irving for Plaintiff; Yates, Jay and Russell for defendant.

Gray v. McCallum—For an order for the examination of defendant with official stenographer. Granted. Mr. Pemberton for plaintiff; Bodwell & Irving for defendant.

McDougall v. Robson—For delivery of his answer to the interrogatories. One week granted. Plaintiff to be paid his costs. Belyea & Gregory for plaintiff; Bodwell & Irving for defendant.

A LETTER FROM MR. TEMPLEMAN.

To the Editor:—I am accused by the Colonist of a "barefaced attempt" to deceive the public in respect to the amount of money expended by the Dominion Government for all public purposes in British Columbia. I stated, at Saturday night's meeting, that the Dominion received from this Province in 1889, from customs, inland revenue, post office and other sources, the sum of $1,260,944, and that the Dominion had expended in British Columbia, during the same year, for all Dominion purposes $698,763, thus showing a "loss" to British Columbia of $582,181. Your charge is that I omitted the sum of $212,151.06, which is received by the Province as subsidies and forms a portion of the revenues of the local government. On second thought, I am sure that you will see your error, and that you will take occasion to withdraw a charge which evidently was made for political effect.

The provincial subsidy is a fixed payment by the Dominion, for which the Dominion *received value* at the time of union. It is made up as follows:

1. Subsidy to Government and Leg.	$ 35,000 00
2. Grant per capita	48,000 00
3. For lands conveyed	100,000 00
4. Interest on difference between allowed and actual debt	29,151 06
	$212,151 06

British Columbia, when joining a partnership with the confederated provinces, was placed on the same footing as the other members of the firm. She was given (1) $35,000 per annum for the support of its government and legislature, because Ontario was being paid $80,000; Quebec, $70,000; Nova Scotia, $60,000, and New Brunswick, $50,000. She received (2) a *per capita* allowance of 80 cents per head (population estimated at 60,000), because the other provinces received the same. She received $100,000 per annum for a strip of territory 40 miles wide and 500 miles long, now known as the railway belt, and now owned by Canada. And (4) she receives $29,151.06, because her debt at the time of Union was less than the other provinces, said sum being determined by clause 2 of the terms of the union, which provides that "interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum on the difference between the actual amount of indebtedness" of British Columbia and "the indebtedness per head of the population of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick" shall be paid to British Columbia. These four items make up the subsidy of $212,151.06. If we give the Dominion credit therefor every year, if the "subsidies," for which the Dominion received compensation, are to be added to the other expenditures by Canada, to make the annual cash payments between the province and the Dominion appear equal, it is obvious that there is something rotten in the relations between British Columbia and the Dominion. My position is this: British Columbia, in entering the union, surrendered a large strip of territory and assumed a position in relation to the other members of the federation, which would have been to her great disadvantage and loss had she not been recouped in some way. A balance sheet was struck, and British Columbia was found to be entitled to $212,151.06 per annum. Your position is this: The Dominion is receiving from our province $2 for every $1 she pays back, and in order to make the loss to the province appear smaller, the Dominion is given credit for payments which were fixed at the time of union, and for which British Columbia gave ample compensation.

I leave it to your readers to decide if I was guilty or not guilty of a "barefaced attempt" to deceive.

Yours respectfully,

Wm. Templeman.

[It will no doubt be considered a little singular that Mr Templeman, having a newspaper at his disposal, should come with his defence to this paper. We, however, cheerfully give the editor of the Times the benefit of the Colonist's circulation].

HE DIDN'T UNDERSTAND.

But a Thousand-Dollar Bill Cleared the Colonel's Intellect.

Colonel R. G. Ingersoll is one of the lawyers to whom his profession yields a fortune every year. A quarter of a million is a small valuation to place upon his receipts, and he is one of the few men who shine either as a pleader or counselor. He has accumulated great wealth, which, says the Chicago Journal, no one who knows him begrudges him.

His face and form are familiar to all Wall and Broad street men, and his offices on Wall street, New York, are handsomely fitted up and elegant. They are comfortable offices, just as Bob is a comfortable man. Great numbers of stories are told about him. Here is one guaranteed to be new:

A stranger went to him one day, and without any reference to the matter of the retainer began: "My father died and made a will," and then went on to tell about his trouble with the will.

"Do you understand the case now?" asked the stranger.

"No, sir," responded Mr. Ingersoll, "I do not."

Somewhat embarrassed, the stranger went away. He told a friend of his experience with the philosophical lawyer.

"Go back to him," said the friend, "lay a $1,000 bill on his desk and then talk."

The advice was followed. He was received as one who had never been in the office before. He laid the big bill down and said: "My father died and made a will—"

Mr. Ingersoll was at once interested. He interrupted his new client. "How," said he, "could your father die and make a will? Do you not mean that he made a will and then died?"

Business proceeded.

Remarkably Fast Bicycling.

A bicyclist, whose identity concerns no one, was riding his wheel through a portion of France when up came a storm of rain. The storm struck him just as he started to coast down a nicely-graded hill some five miles long. He proceeded on his journey, and all the way down that hill it rained on his hind wheel, while the front wheel ran along perfectly dry

The Union Pacific Railway

Is selling excursion tickets good for six months from date of sale, with choice of routes as follows:

Chicago and return	$100.00
St. Louis and return	92.00
Omaha, Kansas City, St. Paul and return	80.00
Denver and return	70.00
New York and return	136.00
New Orleans and return	92.00

For tickets or information call on

Morris J. Bissell,
100 Government St.

eod

NOTICES.

ESTIMATES

FOR 1891.

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for the Year 1891.

Whereas, the Council, as hereinafter mentioned, have caused an estimate to be prepared of the Municipal Revenue of the year 1891, and of the expenditure required for the service of that year, a copy of which estimate is hereunto annexed,

And Whereas, it is expedient to authorize by By-Law, the expenditure of the said Revenue in accordance with the said estimate,

Therefore, be it Enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the said Council to appropriate and expend the Municipal Revenue of the said Corporation for the year 1891, for the several purposes and in the manner named or indicated in the estimate hereunto annexed, or as nearly as circumstances permit.

2. All the expenditures hereunto incurred by the Council out of the Municipal Revenue for the said year are hereby confirmed.

This By-Law may be cited for all purposes as the "Estimates By-Law, 1891."

Passed the Municipal Council the 4th day of February, A.D. 1891.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 14th day of February, A.D. 1891.

JOHN GRANT,
Mayor.

[L. S.]

Wellington J. Dowler, C.M.C.

ESTIMATED REVENUE, 1891.

Cash on hand	$ 1,766
Water Rents	45,000
Fire Insurance Tax	8,000
Pound Fees	500
Real Estate Tax	125,000
Trades Licenses	22,500
Liquor	17,000
Road Tax	5 000
Dog Tax	350
Police Court Funds	5,000
Cemetery Fees	2,500
T. Storey	101
T. Russel	2,000
Weighing Machine	350
Sundry Items of Revenue	350
	$235,417 00
Arrears of Taxes, Jan. 1st, '91	25,838 90
	$261,255 90

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE, 1891.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Horse hose, reel or wagon	$ 700
Driver for reel, 8 months, $60	480
Horse feed	1,152
Gas	700
Shoeing horses	250
Coal and wood	250
Stationery, printing, etc	100
Hydrants	1,000
Repairs	500
New boiler for Tiger engine	1,000
Hardware, oil, lanterns, etc	375
Harness, gum clothing, badges, etc	100
Lumber and labor	100
Telephones	216
Insurance	70
Exercise wagon	300
Zinc, bluestone, etc	300
Medical attendance on horses	100
Horse for reel and spare horse	150
Chief Engineer, $110 per month	1,320
Assistant Engineer, $30 per "	360
3 Foremen, $20 per month	720
2 Engineers, $80 per month	1,920
3 Drivers, $70 per month	2,520
1 Electrician and Tillerman	840
17 Call-men, $18 per month	3,672
	$ 19,895 00

POLICE.

Magistrate	$1,800
Clerk of the court	480
Superintendent	1,800
Sergeant, No. 1	1,200
Sergeant, Nos. 2 and 3, at $90	2,160
10 Constables at $75	9,000
9 Constables, average $671-2	1,050 / 3,240
Uniforms—23 officers and men	2,070
Coal and gas	600
Printing and stationery	300
Telephones and telegrams	250
Keep of prisoners	1,600
Examination and passage lunatics	250
Blankets, buckets, brooms, etc.	150
Washing	50
Inquests and funerals	300
Interpreter	150
Incidentals	250
Renovating police court	500
Secret service	1,000
	$ 31,200 00

CHARGES.

Treasurer	$2,000
City Clerk	1,080
Assistant Clerk	1,080
Boy in office	300
Auditor	1,000
Assessor	1,800
Caretaker	720
Printing	1,500
Advertising	2,000
Sundries	3,520
	$ 15,000 00

SURVEY EXPENSES.

Surveyor	$1,800
Assistant Surveyor	1,080
Sundries	750
	$ 3,630 00

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Health Officer	720
Sanitary Officer	1,080
Men's wages and sundries	6,560
	$ 8,360 00

CEMETERY.

Keeper	$ 900
Secretary	240
Sundries	860
	$ 2,000 00

PARK.

Keeper	$ 780
Keep of animals	450
New work	1,770
	$ 3,000 00

(Latter amount to be refunded if Loan By-Law is passed.)

WATER WORKS.

Commissioner	$ 1,800
Collector	1,560
Assistant Collector	960
Caretaker at dam	720
Engineer at pump	240
Sinking fund	11,179
Interest	22,825
Sundries	5,836
	$ 45,000 00

LIBRARY.

Librarian	$ 900
Assistant Librarian	360
Sundries	1,240
	$ 2,500 00

STREET LIGHTING.

Wages	$5,000
Coal	2,500
Wire carbons	1,500
Sundries	3,000
	$ 12,000 00
Pound	1,220 00
Sinking funds and interest on all loans other than water works	29,173 78
Outstanding accounts	335 29
Government of B.C.	3,191 31
School tax	7,000 00
Legal expenses	2,000 00
Commission	700 00
Donations	1,500 00
General interest	5,000 00
Remuneration to Mayor and Aldermen	3,800 00
Water Works—$70,000 loan	2,355 81
Cemetery loan	370 00
Clock, and putting up same	5,000 00
Defining new city boundaries	1,500 00
Costs Colquitz water case	3,500 00
Furniture for city hall	1,500 00
Contingent fund	5,000 00
Advertising city in conjunction with Board of Trade	2,000 00

STREET SIDEWALKS.

2 Foremen	$1,800
1 Teamster	780
Engineer for Jumbo	960
Carpenter	1,500
Assistant Carpenter	900
Coal for Jumbo	750
Feed for horses	750
Rock crusher	750
	$ 8,190 00
Balance available for general purposes	9,445 78
	$235,417 00

fe25

Orders taken for Talmage's latest work at Central Book Store, 45 Government street.

J. R. Kerr.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.

(LIMITED.)

CONTRACTORS FOR ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF

ASPHALT PAVING

Roofing, Construction of Sea Walls, Coating of Iron Pipes, Reservoirs, Cellars, Steamers, Wharf Piles, Etc.

We beg to call the attention of the public to the great advantage of our ASPHALT GARDEN WALK PAVING, as being free from weeds, always clean and most durable.

JNO. COUGHLAN, Manager, | J. E. CRANE, Sec. and Trea.

—OFFICE OF—

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS, 30 Broad St.

au30

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

WAGONS

With Tires from 1½ to 4 inches Wide.

COR. JOHNSON AND GOVERNMENT STS.

GEO. POWELL & CO.

CHEAPSIDE.

Importers and Dealers.

Gurney's Celebrated Stoves and Ranges

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, FURNITURE,

CARPENTER AND GARDENING TOOLS

☞ Our prices are always right.

GEO. POWELL & CO.,

"CHEAPSIDE," 146 GOVERNMENT STREET.

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of Victoria City and District.

Gentlemen—As promised in my reply to your magnificent requisition asking me to stand for re-election as one of your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, I now lay before you my views on the main questions of the day affecting this district and the Dominion.

I will first say that I come before you as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald and his party. I do so because I believe him to be by far the ablest statesman Canada has, and that the policy he is following is the right one, and the only one that can raise Canada to the high position amongst nations which she is bound to take if properly governed.

Since being a member of the House of Commons I have seen that it is utterly useless being an Independent. So long as the Government of the country is carried on on party lines, so long must a man adhere to either one side or the other. An Independent member has no weight with either party unless the Government is sustained by a very narrow majority indeed.

There are of course occasions when minor questions affecting a particular district or province come up, and on which a member feels that he must vote against his party for the good of his constituents, but on all strictly party questions, affecting the Dominion as a whole, a member must be true to his party.

I hold that a man should make up his mind before entering political life as to which party he is in sympathy with, and then stick to them. If every man was to consider himself free to vote as he might think best at the moment on every question that came up, no man, however clever a statesman he might be, could carry on a government for a week

I am strongly in favor of reciprocity with the United States in some natural products, such as coal, fish, lumber and ores, but I am decidedly opposed to *unrestricted* reciprocity, as I firmly believe that Canada would then again become a slaughter market for the overproduction of the American manufacturer, and thereby many of our now thriving manufactories and industries would be hopelessly ruined, carrying distress and poverty to thousands of our now happy and prosperous mechanics and artisans.

I deprecate the conduct of the leaders of the Liberal party in lowering the dignity of Canada by *begging* for reciprocity from the United States, as they have been doing lately. Let the Americans first show their willingness to meet us on a fair basis; and, if they do that, I have no doubt that mutual advantages will accrue from any negotiations undertaken. As yet, there is no authority to show that they have ever shown the slightest disposition to open the question at all. *Unrestricted* reciprocity with the United States would necessarily mean discrimination in tariff against England. This the Mother Country would never stand, and still continue to give us the benefit of her protection.

We must then either abandon the project altogether, or throw ourselves into the arms of Uncle Sam, as we are not strong enough to protect ourselves. Are you ready to do this? I for one am not, and I trust and believe that comparatively few in Canada are. The land in Canada is every bit as good as in the United States. Her people are just as intelligent, industrious and independent. Then why not let us remain under the British Flag that has protected us so long, and by our own exertions and energy and enterprise build up in time a nation just as great, just as powerful, and just as wealthy as our southern neighbor.

I am very much dissatisfied with the small amount of money expended by the Dominion Government on Public Works in British Columbia and more particularly in Victoria. Seeing that *this city* alone pays considerably more than *one million* dollars per annum into the Dominion Treasury, I think no one can deny that we should get a great deal more in return than we do.

I have endeavored in the past to remedy this, but I am sorry to say with but partial success. If, however, I am again honored with your confidence I shall continue even more strenuously than ever to urge upon the Government the necessity of placing larger sums upon the estimates for Victoria.

Amongst the many improvements urgently required I may mention a new Post Office and Custom House. These are badly needed owing to the immense increase in trade and population that has taken place here during the past few years. A large expenditure is also needed in our harbor. I have repeatedly brought the above matters before the Government and have received assurances which I trust in the near future may be acted upon.

I shall, if elected, give my hearty support to the members for Nanaimo and New Westminster Districts in any endeavor they may make to have more lights, beacons and buoys placed on our coast.

I shall also continue to urge upon the Government the paramount necessity of their inserting a clause in any charter given to any subsidized line of steamers running either to China or Australia, making it imperative that they call at Victoria on every trip.

I shall again bring to the notice of the Government the necessity of increasing the pay of some of the civil servants in this Province. It is manifestly unfair to pay the same salaries here that they do in Eastern Canada, where living is so very much cheaper. It is, to my mind, offering a premium on dishonesty and is degrading the public service. It is an insult to ask educated, intelligent men to work for less than a Chinese laborer demands. The fact that men are found who are willing to take the positions, is no argument in its favor. When men are hard-up they will take almost anything in order to get food for their families, but that is no reason why the Public Treasury should benefit by their misfortunes.

I am in favor of a subsidy being granted by the Dominion to the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Co., and shall, if elected, continue to urge the Government to make a substantial grant for that purpose.

The Chinese question is one of grave moment. I shall use my best endeavors to have the anti-Chinese clause inserted in all charters granted to companies who are assisted by subsidies either of land or money from the Dominion Government. If the present per capita tax is found not to be sufficient to stay the tide of immigration, I shall favor an increased tax.

Believing that the Victoria Trades and Labor Council is composed of men capable of taking a dispassionate view of the subject, and who have a thoroughly practical knowledge of the question, and also that they directly represent the great body of men who are most affected by this class of labor, I shall on all occasions be very largely guided by their wishes in regard to this subject.

The time has arrived in my opinion when the Dominion Government should be urged to assist in building another dry dock at Esquimalt. By far the best place for a new dock is alongside the present one. It can be built cheaper than anywhere else, and can be run more economically than elsewhere, as the same staff and same engines and pumps now used for the present dock could be utilized for the new one. I shall use my best efforts to have this matter favorably reported upon.

In conclusion, allow me to say that if you decide to again place me in the proud position of one of your representatives, I shall, on all occasions, both in and out of the House of Commons, endeavor to act in such a manner as to reflect credit on the constituents, the city and district which I shall have the honor to represent.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

fe-10 E. G. PRIOR.

To the Electors of Victoria City District:

Gentlemen—At the request of a large number of citizens, I again offer myself as a candidate to represent you in the Dominion House of Commons.

One of the most important questions to be dealt with by the new Parliament will undoubtedly be "Our Trade Relations with the United States," and as othing has taken place in their legislation to make me believe the Protective Policy of their Government will be abandoned, nor has any circumstances arisen in the Dominion of Canada which make it necessary or prudent to abandon or disturb in any material way, or to any great extent, the reasonable system of protection to our industries, which the country has time and again declared for, and under which she has prospered and is prospering. I believe the policy of the Conservative party to be the one best calculated to promote the prosperity of the Dominion.

Such being my conviction, I shall give them my support, reserving to myself the right to oppose them on any measures that I may consider not in the interest of my constituency or Province.

I do not consider that protection to our industries is incompatible with a reasonable measure of reciprocal trade with the United States, by which we might exchange many of our natural products with mutual advantage; and in any arrangements proposed, with that end in view, I would strongly urge in the interest of this Province, that Lumber, Coal, Fish, Fish products, etc., be included.

HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

I will also press upon the Government by every means in my power the urgent necessity of a much larger annual expenditure for dredging the inner harbor, and that immediate steps be taken to deepen the approach to the outer harbor, so that the largest steamers coming to out coast may have facilities for entering and landing their freight and passengers with safety and dispatch.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Last session I brought to the attention of the Government the inadequacy of the present public buildings for conducting the fast increasing business of the Port, and that they were alike discreditable to the city and the Government. I also urged the matter upon the Ministers who visited us last summer, who promised to ask for a vote this session for this purpose, and that they would support it with all their influence. I have no doubt that in the near future we will have both a Post Office and Custom House that will be an ornament to the city and in keeping with the large revenue we contribute to the Dominion Treasury.

BEACONS AND BOUYS.

I will urge the construction of Light Houses and Bouys at all points necessary to the safe navigation of the Northern Coast of British Columbia.

I would also advocate that all steamers subsidized by the Dominion Government shall call at the port of Victoria, both on their inward and outward trips, to land mails, passengers and freight.

I will do all in my power to preserve the rights of our citizens in the Behring's Sea.

If you do me the honor to return me as your representative, you may rely upon me, both in the House and out of it, to use my best efforts in the interest of this Province, and this District in particular.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

feb 10 THOMAS EARLE.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day transferred my business of Furniture Manufacturer, and Importer of House Furnishing Goods, to my sons, who will continue to carry on the business under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to me are to be paid to them, and all accounts against me will be paid by the new firm. Thanking all my customers and the public in general for their liberal patronage in the past, I bespeak for the new firm a continuance of the same.

JOHN WEILER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31, 1891.

NOTICE—PARTNERSHIP.

We, the undersigned, have this day taken over the business of John Weiler, and will continue to carry on the same under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to the late firm must be paid to us, and we will pay all accounts owing by the late firm.

GEORGE PHILIP WEILER.
CHARLES WEILER.
OTTO WEILER.
JOSEPH WILLIAM WEILER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31, 1891. fe3

NOTICE.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership hitherto existing between William Lyne, and John Lyne and George Evans, under the firm style of Lyne Bros., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, the said George Evans having retired from the above firm. Wm. Lyne and John Lyne will and do from this date assume all responsibilities and pay all debts due by the above firm, and receive all moneys due them.

In witness whereof we have hereto set our hand and seal this 6th day of December, 1890.

(Signed.)
Soda Creek.
Witness:
T. P. Reed.
Witness:
R. L. Shaw.

(Signed)
GEORGE EVANS.
WILLIAM LYNE.
JOHN LYNE.

ja23-3m

NOTICE.

I THE UNDERSIGNED, Thomas Watson Carter, have this day admitted William Fraser Tolmie into partnership in my business of a brewer. The business will be carried on under the new firm name of Carter & Tolmie. Thanking my past customers for their favors and soliciting for the new firm the trade of the public in general.

T. W. CARTER.

Victoria, 19th January, 1891. fe1

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session, for an Act continuing and extending the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company may construct its works; also, to reduce the capital stock of the company; and to authorise the building of branches of its railway on the South side of Fraser River to connect Liverpool and New Westminster with the termini of the company's railway at or near Canoe Pass and to Point Roberts Mole; and for other purposes.

YATES & JAY,
Applicants' Solicitors.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1891. ja18-3m

To the Electors of Victoria City and District:

Gentlemen—We respectfully offer ourselves for election as representatives for Victoria city and district in the House of Commons.

We present ourselves as distinctly Independent candidates, pledged to absolute loyalty to the interests of Victoria and of British Columbia. By long delay and shifty excuses the present Government has evaded or put aside the many requirements of this city and province, and this, too, while pledged supporters represented the District. We propose, by an honest Independency, to force from an unwilling government those much needed reforms that its friends have admitted they cannot obtain.

Unrestricted Reciprocity, which is only one phase of the trade question, is an important issue in the present contest. We are in favor of the nearest possible approach to free trade with all countries that the necessities of the revenue will permit. We are in favor of the largest measure of reciprocity with the United States that it is possible to obtain with the approval of the Imperial Government. The Home Government has never shown any disposition in late years to thwart the will of the Canadian people, and when the prosperity of our country is at stake, it will not interpose objections to a treaty which would assure the enlargement of our trade to an enormous extent. A reciprocal trade arrangement with the United States would call for increased efforts to obtain other large and important markets for our produce. It would settle the vexed Behring Sea question, the Atlantic fisheries question and other disputes between the two nations, for countries allied by commerce would settle their international disputes better than by a tedious diplomacy.

Larger appropriations for public works in the province are manifestly necessary. Money wisely expended in improving the harbor of Victoria, placing beacon lights and buoys in dangerous portions around our coast, the provision of a life-saving station at a suitable point on the west coast, together with substantial inducements to all railway projects that will tend to open up the resources of this province, would receive our cordial support.

We cordially support the Victoria, Saanich & New Westminster railway, which would provide a much needed want for this city and district, and would urge upon the Government to subsidize this important enterprise. And we deprecate the shameful neglect of this city's interest by the Government in subsidizing a powerful railway corporation and the new line of steamships from the Orient to Vancouver, without obtaining substantial guarantees for the rapid transit of mails and merchandise from the East and compelling the steamships to call at this port on their outward and inward journeys.

The enlargement of the city and the growth of commerce calls for increased postal and custom facilities, and we would support all reasonable measures in this direction.

The Chinese labor question demands immediate attention. We believe it is necessary to place a higher tax upon imported Chinese labor, and that return certificates should be abolished.

As citizens of Canada—the most important dependency of the Crown—we declare our unswerving loyalty to the flag. We believe that by advocating trade expansion, on the above lines, we are at once loyal to ourselves and loyal to the Great Empire of which we form a part.

We have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Yours obediently.

WM. TEMPLEMAN.
WM. MARCHANT.

fe20

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store Street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice,
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA
ROLLER FLOUR MILL!

Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour, Bran and Shorts

Nos. 64 and 66 Store Street, Victoria.

ja30

CHAS. HAYWARD,
ESTABLISHED 1867.
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
52 Government St., Victoria.

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China and Japan
FANCY GOODS.

We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of

CELEBRATED TEA,

Embroidered Silk Goods, Shawls, Screens, Etc

—ALSO—

PORCELAIN, SATSUMA, CLOISANNE, BRONZE, IVORY, SANDALWOOD,

Hoping that you will honor us with your visit, we remain very respectfully yours,

HANG WO HING KEE,

Victoria, B. C. 31 Cormorant street.

fy 25-12mo

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue.

feb19

MUSIC AND MONEY.

The Speculative Tendency of Musical Composers.

In a sharp criticism of the purely money-getting spirit evinced by many writers of music Prof. Louis Lombard, of Utica, N. Y., has this to say:

Occasionally, at least, every musician should play or write what he likes rather than that which he thinks will please or sell. Musical composition is too often turned into commercial speculation. The money-making disposition of our people, by causing them to consider the pecuniary before the intrinsic value of their art products, is the greatest obstacle to their artistic development.

For the purpose of money-getting some musicians offer almost any thing, however bad. Others, more honest than wise, persistently try to ram into the public's ear compositions that can neither be understood nor enjoyed without a preliminary education, which they know full well the public has not had. Commercially, this is soon found to be most unprofitable, and as no artist is devoid of a stomach though he be the most refined among men, another course is soon followed. The musical missionary gives up his post rather than starve. He no longer attempts to nourish souls by the process used in fattening geese for *pates de foie-gras*—the bold art-crusader finally falls into the ranks of dollar-pickers!

In the attainment of desirable things, extremes should be avoided. A National musical taste can no more be created by Bach's fugues than by the vapid jingle called "popular music."

Is there no golden mean. one is tempted to ask? Must artists stoop to people's pockets, or shoot over people's heads? Can they not cultivate the taste of their hearers by gradually introducing a better class of music in our homes, our schools, our churches and our theaters? In doing so judiciously, they would benefit themselves quite as much as the public, for in time, they would come to be regarded as educators, while now they are known only as dealers in pleasant noise.

We have many musical temperaments that only await the opportunity for development, and our Nation is able to pay for the best instructors. What grander things too, than our mountains, canyons, caves, forests and rivers could be found on earth to inspire composers? Is it not sad that music should be at so low an ebb in a country so richly endowed by nature, and where, in almost all other fields, men have attained the greatest results? The blame for this deplorable condition of our music lies with those musicians—and their name is legion—who busy themselves exclusively with money-making, to the detriment of the art-life of their country.

SWIFT RETRIBUTION.

How a Faithless Husband Was Suddenly Exposed.

So long as women will be foolish men will be deceptive. One day I sat behind a couple on an Ohio & Mississippi train, and it wasn't ten minutes before I discovered that the girl was a village belle who knew nothing of the world, and that her companion was a traveler who saw in her a victim. Several others noticed them as well, but it was hard to see how any thing could be done, says a writer in the New York Sun.

He professed great admiration for the girl, and she blushingly queried:

"But how do I know you are not a married man?"

"Oh, but I assure you on my honor that I am not."

"Where do you live?"

"In Louisville."

"And you have neither wife nor children?"

"No."

At that instant the conductor came in with a telegram and called out the address. "That's for me," said the man in the seat ahead.

It was handed to him, and he was smiling as he tore it open. Next moment he fell forward in a heap and rolled into the aisle in a dead faint. Half a dozen of us, including the girl, read the dispatch. It was dated at Indianapolis, and read:

"Your wife and baby burned up with the house last night. Come at once."

It took us a quarter of an hour to bring him to, and it was half an hour later when he left the train. He had forgotten the girl who shared his seat, and she was crouched down and crying like a baby.

THE PEACOCK IN TRADITION.

Why Its Feathers Are Considered Unlucky.

"Here is an answer to the question why peacocks' feathers are unlucky, and I trust that it will satisfy the lady on whose behalf I made the inquiry," says a writer in London Truth. "Whether this be the true explanation I can not say, but I should think it will do as well as any other:

"A lady for whom I lately searched Notes and Queries in quest of information on the reason for the alleged unluckiness of peacocks' feathers, has forwarded me a cutting from the current number of your journal.

"I found in Notes and Queries, series III., vol. viii., p. 528, a reference to Palgrave's 'Central and Eastern Arabia,' i., 826. We learn from that source that, according to Mahometan tradition, the peacock opened the wicket of Paradise to Satan, and received a very ample share of the punishment awarded to him."

Old Indian Signs.

About five miles above Morven, says the Macon (Ga.) Telegraph, is a mystery which the people of that community can not explain. In a hummock near the river are two complete circles, one ninety and the other one hundred and forty feet in diameter, the smaller circle inside the larger. These circles, which are much like those left by a circus performance, are completely barren of vegetation of all kinds. These circles have been there since the recollection of the oldest citizen, and none know how or when they came there. It must be that they are Indian signs, relics of by-gone days, when the savage warrior was lord of all he surveyed.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 28, 1891.
Sun rises......6:44 a.m. | Sun sets......5:42 p.m.
Moon rises 11:02 a.m.
Day of the year, 59th.

METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Feb 27, 1891.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

1 a. m.,	28°	Mean 31°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m.,	28°		
9 a. m.,	30°	Highest 38°	5 a m.—16 miles NE.
1 p. m.,	36°		1 p.m.—8 miles NE.
5 p. m.,	36°	Lowest 27°	9 p.m.—4 miles north
9 p. m.,	28°		Rain—

Average state of weather—Clear.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—E McLallan, F C Pearl, R Mitchell, R Bruce, Mrs Foster, T W Dally, Miss Savage, Mrs Smith, J W Lewis, C Cordival, W McCord, Mrs Mehaffey, W Deasy, N Davis, Alex Corin, H Green, A D Gray, J Reilly, H Grass, W Heme, J Pevens, Miss Rieden, H C Curry, Wm Douglas, Mrs Davis, C Bush, Miss Prece.

Per steamer NORTH PACIFIC from the Sound: J Schmidt, G Yoernotti, J Verpelade, D A Flemming, H K Dipping, J Katti, J D Readon, M Levy, H Folke, W Croft, R Swalwell, Wm Ritchie, A C Smitde, G Murdock, J Dixon.

Per Steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver:—W R Forsyth, W J Taylor, J E Crane, B F Rogers, Chas S Baxter, Miss Welch, J Rankin, R W Fraser, Wm S Hampson, W H Cameron, J E Scarlett, J W Alton, L G Henderson, Mrs Thain, Wm Browd, W Beach, W J Beaven, G A Peacocke.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—B Gordon, R H Jamieson, W & J Wilson, J W Peppet, J McCallum, G R Jackson, Lewis Lewis, R Lettice, H Waller, E G Prior, Langley & Co, order M Beatty & Son, Johnson, Walker & Flett, D M Ross, J Barnsley, W G Owen, Vic Transfer and Electric Light Co, W G O'Kelly, W G Cameron, W J Taylor, Cowan & Wilson, E B Marvin, S Clay, W J Jeffree, Geo Powell, R A Brown, Gilmore & McCandless, J Weiler, M W Waitt, Albion Iron Works, J S Rollin, S E Winslow, Brown Bros, Hy Saunders, Dom Ex Co, H Bornstein.

Per str. NORTH PACIFIC from the Sound.—S Leiser, J H Todd & Son, Young, Biedle & Co.

Per str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound: Ogle Campbell & Co, Hastie & Erskine, H Young & Co, M D Waith & Co, Ames Holden, McLennan & McFeely, J Weiler, A McGregor, Ames Holden, J T Caton & Co, Brakeman & Kerr.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

INWARDS.

Str. Islander....	"	Vancouver.
" North Pacific	"	Port Townsend.
" City of Kingston....	"	"
" Alert..............	"	"
" Etta White.........	"	
" Daisy..........	"	Nanaimo.
" Pilot..............	"	
" Princess Louise.....	"	Westminster.

OUTWARDS.

Str. Islander..........	for	Vancouver.
" North Pacific.......	"	Port Townsend.
" City of Kingston....	"	"
" Alert..............	"	Nanaimo.
" Daisy..............	"	Chemainus.
" Etta White	"	Vancouver.
" Pilot..............	"	Westminster.
" Princess Louise.....	"	

LOCAL.

Str. Alert towed a large scow load of lumber over from Vancouver yesterday morning and left last night for Nanaimo for coal.

Str. Pilot towed the ships J. P. Peters and Richard III. from Esquimalt to Departure Bay and returned to port yesterday.

Str. Etta White brought down from Moodyville, yesterday a large scow load of lumber.

Str. Daisy arrived with coal from Nanaimo yesterday.

The sealing schooner E. B. Marvin has been reported off Columbia river bar with a catch of nine.

Str. Umatilla arrived from San Francisco yesterday afternoon.

H.M.S Nymphe is expected daily from San Francisco.

THE PERFECTLY PURE FULL STRENGTH BAKING POWDER IS THE ORIGINAL PRESTON & MERRILL'S INFALLIBLE YEAST POWDER

TAKES ONLY HALF AS MUCH AS OTHERS.

SOLD BY LEADING GROCERS IN ALL SIZED CANS.

GEO. A. FISHER, 129 CAL. ST., S. F. AGENT.

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For Health, Comfort and Economy

Have your doors and windows fitted with

"The Champion" Weather Strip

It will keep out dust, draft, wind, rain and snow, stop the excruciating noise of rattling sashes and doors, preserve the carpets and furniture and diminish the fuel bill. Sold and fitted by

J. P. BURGESS,
10 Broughton Street.

LIFE RENEWER!

The Only RUPTURE REMEDY that will cure is Electricity. Dr. PIERCE'S is the only genuine Electric Truss in the world. Sealed Pamphlets 4c M. E. T. CO., 704 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.

DR. PIERCE'S New BODY-BATTERY with Electric Suspensory for Men, is far superior to all others, and gives a current which can be INSTANTLY FELT BY THE WEARER. This BELT will POSITIVELY CURE without medicine-Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Spine, Liver and Kidneys, Female Weakness, Impotency, Lack of Power, etc. For full particulars call or send stamp for Sealed Pamphlet No. 2. Address: [illegible]

"GAHENA PILES APPLIER" Home treatment. An Instrument for Curing ALL Diseases of the Rectum. New INVENTION! Send 2c for PAMPHLET No. 3. Address M. E. T. Co., 704 Sacramento St., SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

mar15-eod-1yrdw

MEDICAL.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation permanently. For sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all druggists.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

ja20-tts-d&w

DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC BELTS And Spinal Appliances.

Head Office—Chicago, Ill.

Patented in Canada Dec. 17, 1887.

Dr. Owen's Electro-Galvanic Body Belt and Suspensory will cure the following: All Rheumatic Complaints, Lumbago, General and Nervous Debility, Costiveness, Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Trembling, Insomnia, Wasting of the Body, Sexual Exhaustion, Female Weakness, Diseases caused by Indiscretion, &c.

This is the Latest and Greatest improvement ever made and is superior to all others. Every buyer of an Electric Belt wants the latest this he will find in the Owen Belt. It differs from all others, as it is a **Battery Belt**, and not a chain, voltaic or wire belt. It will Cure all Complaints curable by Electricity or a Galvanic Battery. The Electric Current can be tested by any one before it is applied to the body. If you will examine this belt you will buy no other. It has cured hundreds where the doctors have failed. Write for Testimonials and Illustrated Catalogue, enclosing 6c. postage.

The Owen Electric Belt Co.
71 KING ST. WEST, TORONTO
G. C. PATTERSON, Mgr. for Can.
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HAGYARD'S "YELLOW OIL" Cures Rheumatism.

Freeman's Worm Powders

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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FOR XMAS —AND— New Year's Presents

Hyacinth Glasses in great variety and highly ornamental designs.
Fancy Flower Pots.
Flowering Plants and Cut Flowers.
Also Holly for decorating.

G. A. McTAVISH
Nurseryman, Seedsman and Florist,
PARK ROAD. au21

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE!

CROCKERY, ETC.

BEING ABOUT TO RETIRE FROM business, my entire stock of Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, Matting, Window Blinds, Curtains, Cornices and poles, Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Bisque Figures and Ornaments, etc., will be sold for Cash at greatly reduced prices. Also—

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

The best equipped FURNITURE FACTORY in the Province, most advantageously situated for shipping, on Laurel Point, suitable for any manufacturing purpose.

JACOB SEHL
68 GOVERNMENT STREET.

NOTICE

ALL PERSONS indebted to the late firm of John Weiler, prior to January 31st, are hereby requested to call and settle their account at once at the office of Weiler Bros.
Victoria, Feb. 20, 1891. fe22-12t

GEO. A. SARGISON
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
43 LANGLEY ST

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ
WHARF STREET.
Highest Cash Prices Paid for Furs and Deer Skins.

REQUISITION.

To Messrs. E. G. PRIOR and THOMAS EARLE.

GENTLEMEN,—In view of the very important matters likely to come before the new Parliament about to be elected, affecting the general welfare of the Dominion, and (as we anticipate) in particular the commercial interests of this District, and realizing how vitally necessary it is that we should be represented in that Parliament by members of experience, ability and honesty of purpose, which your records in the last House have proved to us you are fully possessed of,

We, the undersigned voters, hereby request you to allow yourselves to be put in nomination for re-election as our representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, and we pledge you our support and influence to secure your election.

T Sydney Dobbin,
Kenneth McKenzie,
Fred Davey,
Philip D Goepel,
Arthur D Lewis,
Richard Downer,
H Logan,
A Phillips,
Thos Dodds,
John Devereaux,
A D Grieve,
W Young,
John Bogle,
James McAuslan,
R Keeler,
Wm Rothwell,
Wm Robinson,
Victor Jensen,
J J Austin,
Wm H Routledge,
G C Shaw,
S P Mills,
Wm Whittaker,
Geo Morrison,
J G Cameron,
W H Danby,
Fleming Bros,
S M Hartman,
David Spencer,
H Young,
C W Kammerer,
Robert Mitchell,
George Steitz,
P Hickey,
Jno B Chantrell,
Geo H Gareschе,
Thomas Harman,
Richard Hall,
J C Marshall,
A R Cameron,
Geo. F. Fox,
A. G. Sargison,
F. S. Maclure,
H. Kent,
Wm. Croft,
B. Gordon,
N. Fitzstubbs,
E. W. Spencer,
Robert Dexter,
A. R. Banester,
W. Cowling,
G. Doughty,
Chas. Kent,
Theo. Davie,
J. R. Anderson,
F. Gilchrist,
Thos. Tugwell,
E.W. Matthews,
C. N. Cameron,
Braden & Stamford,
Wm. Gordon,
R. F. Tolmie,
D. E. Campbell,
Philip J. Hall,
H. B. Rendell,
D. O'Leary,
W. H. Mason,
William Lorimer,
W. J. Smith,
John Haggerty,
O. H. Goodwin,
Jas. L. Raymur,
S. W. Bucknam,
Thos. Garvin,
W. H. Phillipps,
John Draut,
William Mann,
G H Brown,
John Colbert,
H Devlin,
A J Briggs,
R P McLennan,
Simeon Duck,
Wm Dalby,
A Gregg & Son,
W G Stevenson,
John Teague, jr.,
J F Smith,
R W Fawcett,
H T Mann,
Robert Heron,
Arthur Smith,
John P Elford,
Beaumont Boggs,
J E Crane,
Jas Ramsey,
W Jackson,
Frederick Pauline,
Wm Craft,
J. R. Westcott,
Fred Carne, jr,
James Tolmie,
R Maynard,
A H Maynard,
W T Tolmie,
Sam H Goodwin,
Wm Mable,
H A Lilley,
Shore & Anderson,
L Dickenson,
Wm Field,
Jas Maynard,
W Tippins,
Ernest B. Hanington,
W. Bickford,
Hy. Jewell,
M. R. Smith,
H. Smith,
F. B. Pemberton,
J. D. Pemberton,
Otto Weiler,
J. W. Weiler,
Hy Moss,
J. J. Cowley,
Jos Rhode,
James Daley,
A St Geo Flint,
B Williams,
Thos S Futcher,
Frank Bourne,
W A McLean,
P T Johnston,
J. S. Helmcken,
Jno. Irving,
R. S. Byrn,
W. A. Ward,
A. R. Langley,
J. C. Maclure,
E. B. Marvin,
P. Steele,
W. H. Ellis,
Matthew T. Johnston,
J. H. Turner,
Walter. B. Smallfield,
Robt. Harvey,
John G Cox,
John Newby,
Frank M Yorke,
J M Cowper,
F Appleton,
John T Fee,
F W Foster,
W T Marvin,
L Marks,
H. Bornstein,
Chas. F. G. Gardiner,
James Mitchell,
H. C. McDermid,
Donald Mackay,
F. W. Vincent,
Ross Monro,
R. J. Ker,
R. H. Benedict,
J. Griffith,
A. C. Flumerfelt,
J. A. Kenning,
F. C. Holden,
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J Madden,
Thomas Bamford,
W F Bullen,
B R Seabrook,
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Thos Shaw,
Wm Dickson,
N Basso,
F Spohr,
H Cook,
Jas H McGregor,
Wm McIlwaine,
Jos Colquhoun,
W H Collister,
J Haggart,
J Watson,
J S Mires,
S Latham,
William Petticrew,
Francis Nash,
Wm Ellis,
D Russell,
John T Howard,
J Holman,
Jas H Innes,
J Andrews,
A C Muir,
W J Muir,
J T Pearce,
G Bebbington,
John Stock,
James Isbister,
Wm B Smith,
Geo Francis,
Thos Ashley,
G F Wake,
T Astle,
Chas E Pooley,
Wm Fisher,
Geo Berridge,
James Dudgeon,
A B Erskine,
Thos Shotbolt,
Jno J Hart,
H Saunders,
W G Bowman,
A Gilmore,
B A Phillips,
James Larman,
Morris Moss,
W H Dempster,
W Larkin,
W White,
Stephen Saire,
John Robertson,
J G Mann,
Geo Bishop,
Wm Harrison,
G Campbell,
Robert Jamieson,
Thos C Nuttall,
W J McDowell,
Edwin Johnson,
Henry S. Mason,
A. C. Flewin,
S. S. Burt,
N. P. Snowden,
Chas. A. Vernon,
Geo. Jay, Jr.,
C. M. McCahill,
Wm. Neals,
J. A. Johnson,
A.A. Green, pp. F.W.W.,
Fred. W. Worlock,
J. B. Matthew,
Geo. H. Cavin,
D. R. Harris,
Wm. Scott,
C. S. Finlaison,
John Graham,
Wm. A. Elliott,
Wm. C. Bryant,
Alf. H. Mecoy,
L. G. Burns,
Allan Stevens,
C. T. Penwill,
W. Bond,
Wm. Powell,
P. W. Dempster,
N. Pointer,
S. Cooness,
Jones & McNeill,
Wm. Whyte,
Thos. S. Milligan,
C. T. Dupont,
Alex. Anderson,
Alex. Mouat,
John Temple,
P. R. Brown,
John Mortimer,
G Byrnes,
T Brooker,
Peter O'Brien,
J F Beek,
W J Taylor,
E E Wootton,
Charles Wilson,
Wm Newbury,
Edward Hasell,
D McCullum,
Frank Porter,
Chas Hayward,
John Teague, sr.,
J Stewart,
Munroe Miller,
F Sturdy,
John Thompson,
Henry Clay,
Geo Rudge,
Henry Rudge,
William Baines,
J H Warner,
E Harrison,
John Bruce,
A Beule,
Switzer & McCluskey,
Stephen Whitley,
R A Brown,
Jno T Pierre,
T L Irving,
John J Wilson,
W H Croghan,
John H Gannon,
A J Rowbotham,
Æneas McDonald,
John Parker, jr.,
R. Lettice,
John Crowther,
Thos. McConnan,
James S. Cowie,
Arthur F. S. Williams,
Geo. Jay, sr.,
George Thomson,
George King,
James O'Neill,
John Doherty,
Thos Harding,
T W Hall, MD,
D D Moses,
Jno C Hayes,
Loewen & Erb,
Hugh Calwel,
Richard Cruickshank,
G L Simpson,
Thomas R. Smith,
R. P. Rithet,
Thos. H Baker,
Phil A. Phillips,
George Watson,
P. McAra,
J. Hook,
A. Milligan,
M. H. Cowan,
Daniel McLachlan,
S. B. Kelly,
John Wilson,
E. A. Pauline,
Jas Gaudin,
Samuel Reid,
R A Cunningham,
Lewis Lewis,
A Lewis & Co.,
G H Burns,
F A Pauline,
G Leiser,
Jas J Sargison,
William M. Chudley,
John A. Duncan,
H. B. W. Aikman,
A. Carmichael,
B. H. Tyrwhitt Drake,
R. Seabrook,
J. Peters,
J. H. Todd,
H. Dallas Helmcken,
James C. Prevost,
F. W. Tessel,
C. C. Pemberton,
W. Ridgway Wilson,
Thos. C. Sorby,
Wm. Jensen,
Henry Lawson,
Jas Muirhead,
Wm Turpel,
Jas Townsley,
Jas March,
Alex Sangster,
John Frank,
R Townsley,
J D Milne,
J Hellier,
Wm Jenkins,
Robt Clarke,
Geo Clyde,
D D Graham,
Allison Johns,
Andrew Kirk,
Hector Dow,
Rowland Brittain,
Robert Semple,
Thos E Wood,
Herbert Dodgson,
Geo Madigan,
James Mansell,
Frank Riedel,
James Travis,
W Copeland,
Anthony Watson,
Alexander McLaren,
James Lyon,
John Allan,
A P Luxton,
Arthur H Peatt,
W Fisher, J.P.,
H Helgesen,
Edward Vine, J.P.,
Charles Ball,
H H Francis,
T G Stothard,
Geo Cole,
W Witty,
S Roye,
Arthur Peatt,
Walter River,
James McKinly,
Geo D Roper,
Charles Roper,
D Campbell,
Charles McKay,
S D Robertson,
Geo F Giles,
G H Proctor,
William Stark,
James Petticrew,
John L Russel,
George Moore,
Fred Winkel,
Alfred Monk,
Alfred Synn,
George Watkins,
H G Waterson,
E J E Dixon,
J H Santin,
Dan McDonald,
Mark Lepine,
Napoleon Mieltte,
John Conlon,
A McGregor,
John J Mundorf,
Richard Nash,
James Dakers,
Wm Munsley,
James Stevens,
Edward Coley,
C F Barron,
T H Tye,
Henry Kisker,
Adam Weir,
Geo Cock,
Thomas Argyle,
George Battersby,
Alex Campbell,
Geo Brown,
E S Field,
Geo Pears,
Thomas Duke,
R Price,
Edward Hutton,
Robert H Roper,
H H Roper,
A Smith,
J W Knight,
J R McKenzie,
W McKitrick,
John McLean,
Alex Moir,
W. Mercer,
Alfred Bland,
J Sherk,
W H L Olive,
Joseph Backus,
M D Gleasen,
Walter Poole,
H Cummings,
William Boddy,
John Burbridge,
Robert Davison,
R C Douglas,
J A Northcott,
Leonard Robinson,
George W Robinson,
John Roskamp,
Richard W Roper,
Henri Jorand.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—We beg to thank you most sincerely for the very flattering and numerously signed requisition you have seen fit to present us with requesting us to allow our names to be put in nomination for re-election as your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons.

After such an expression of confidence from so many of our fellow-citizens in our honesty of purpose and our ability to worthily represent you, we feel that we cannot do otherwise than accede to your request, and, therefore, offer ourselves for re-election.

We will, in due course, publish our views on the principal questions affecting the Province and the Dominion.

If re-elected, we shall in the future, as in the past, leave nothing undone that we, in our judgment, may consider to be to the interest of our District and Province.

We have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servants,
E. G. PRIOR,
THOMAS EARLE.

EDUCATIONAL.

—THE—
VICTORIA COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.
103 GOVERNMENT STREET.

PRINCIPAL:—Rev. I. B. Pegg, Greek Honorsman, 1st Lat.; Technology, Sc. Dip. Late School of Mines, and F. S. Sc. and Lit., London, &c.
DAY PUPILS:—$8 per month.
EVENING PUPILS:—$5 per month.
ADULT STUDENTS can take special subjects.
BOARDERS:—$260 per annum, or $25 per month.
de7

MR. FRANK B. FENWICK, tenor vocalist, Organist and Choirmaster St. Andrew's Church, Vocal teacher Angela College, is prepared to receive a limited number of Pupils in Vocal, Instrumental and Musical Theory. Advanced Students prepared for University examination. Voice culture a specialty. Voices examined and classified. Highest testimonials. Terms moderate. Address: P. O. Box 448, VICTORIA. Reasonable Terms for Concerts. se24

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for the Year 1891.

BE IT ENACTED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit, by way of overdraft upon current account with the Bank of British North America, to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of $150,000, including the now existing overdraft, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum.

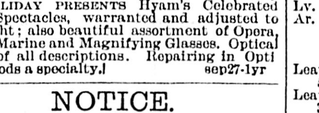
2. All moneys so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation, and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the 31st day of December, 1891, out of the Municipal Revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3. This By-Law may be cited as the "Bank Credit By-Law, 1891."

Passed the Municipal Council the 4th day of February, 1891.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 11th day of February, A.D. 1891.

JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
fe25



S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT ST. one door from Government street. Buy for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Hyam's Celebrated Gold Spectacles, warranted and adjusted to the sight; also beautiful assortment of Opera, Field, Marine and Magnifying Glasses. Optical goods of all descriptions. Repairing in Optical Goods a specialty. sep27-1yr

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR any debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.
JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.
Victoria, Dec. 11, 1890. de18

NOTICE is hereby given that the business of Vegetable Gardening and Traders carried on under the name of Ting Lee, at 35 Fisguard street, Victoria, has been merged into the new firm of Ting Lee & Brothers; the three brothers comprising the firm being Low Wring Yueen, Low Ho Yueen and Low Wy Yueen. All liabilities of the old firm are assumed and will be paid by the new firm.
Victoria, B.C., dated 2nd February, 1891.
fe3-1m TING LEE & BROS.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from the City of Victoria to Beechy Bay, and to construct, maintain and operate a telegraph line in connection with the said railway, and for all necessary rights, powers and privileges.
CHARLES WILSON,
fe3-6w Solicitor for Applicants.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 13,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday Oct 11th, 1890. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Miles f'm Victoria	STATIONS.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	GOING NORTH. No. 4 Passenger Saturdays and Mondays.	GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	GOING SOUTH. No. 3 Passenger Saturdays and Mondays.	Mls f'm Wel'ngton
	VICTORIA	De 8.00 A.M	De 2.30 P.M	Ar 12.24	Ar 5.58	78
1	RUSSELL'S, Vic. W	" 8.01	" 2.34	" 12.20	" 5.54	77
4	ESQUIMALT	" 8.14	" 2.44	" 12.10 P.M	" 5.41	74
11	GOLDSTREAM	" 8.39	" 3.09	" 11.45	" 5.19	67
28	SHAWNIGAN L'E	" 9.34	" 4.04	" 10.50	" 4.24	50
31	COBBLE HILL	" 9.44	" 4.14	" 10.40	" 4.14	47
35	McPHERSON'S	" 9.57	" 4.29	" 10.27	" 3.59	43
38	KOKSILAH	" 10.07	" 4.39	" 10.17	" 3.49	40
40	DUNCAN'S	" 10.12	" 4.44	" 10.12	" 3.44	38
43	SOMENOS	" 10.22	" 4.51	" 10.02	" 3.34	35
52	CHEMAINUS	" 10.48	" 5.16	" 9.36	" 3.12	26
73	NANAIMO	Ar 11.50 De 11.59	" 6.14	De 8.34 Ar 8.25	" 2.14	5
78	WELLINGTON	Ar 12.14 P.M	Ar 6.29	De 8.10 A	De .59 P.M	

On Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Sup.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Ag
my29

From Terminal or Interior Points the

Northern Pacific Railroad

Is the line to take

To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to

ST. PAUL and CHICAGO

(NO CHANGE OF CARS)

Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed,
Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers
Of Latest Equipment

Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and

Elegant Day Coaches.

A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

For full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Ticket Agent,
82 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.,
121 First st., corner Washington, Portland, Or.
feb11

Tickets ON SALE —TO— DENVER,

Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago,

ST PAUL, ST. LOUIS,

AND ALL POINTS

East, North AND South

—AT—

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY.

STEAMERS.

Tacoma-Victoria Route.

Leave Tacoma	†8.00 a.m.
Leave Seattle	10.00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	1.30 p.m.
Arrive Victoria	†4.00 p.m.
Leave Victoria	†6.00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	10.00 a.m.
Leave Seattle	3.00 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma	†5.00 p.m.

Port Townsend-Port Angeles Route.

Lv. Pt. Towns'd 2 p.m.	Lv. Pt. Angeles 5 a.m.
Ar. Pt. Angeles 6 p.m.	Ar. Pt. Towns'd 9 a.m.

Tacoma-Seattle Route.

(Daily except Sunday).
Leave Tacoma—†8.00 a.m.; 10.00 a.m.; *3.00 p.m.; 5.00 p.m.; *7.45 p.m.
Leave Seattle—5.00 a.m.; 7.30 a.m.; 12.45 p.m.; 3.00 p.m.; 5.30 p.m.

Seattle-Olympia Route.

Lv. Seattle..†5.00 a.m.	Lv. Olympia ‡2.00 p.m.
Lv. Tacoma. 8.00 a.m.	Lv. Tacoma. 5.00 p.m.
Ar. Olympia†10.30 a.m.	Ar. Seattle...†6.45 p.m

—†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. *Daily.

Whatcom, Semiahmoo and Blaine Route.

Stopping at all way landings.
Steamer leaves Seattle daily except Saturday, for Whatcom at 11 p.m. Arrives at Whatcom daily, except Sunday, at 3 p.m.
Leave Whatcom for Seattle daily, except Saturday, 8 p.m. Arrive at Seattle daily, except Sunday, 2 p.m.
Steamers from Semiahmoo and Blaine leave Whatcom every Saturday at 9 p.m. Returning, leave Blaine every Sunday at 10 a.m. fo Whatcom and Seattle.

RAIL LINE.

"The Limited Fast Mail," leaving Portland at 9.00 p.m. daily, carries Pullman Sleepers and Dining Cars, Tourist Sleeper and Reclining Chair Car, to Chicago without change, connecting at Pocatello and Cheyenne, with Pullman, Palace and Tourist Sleepers for Salt Lake, Denver and Kansas City.

MORRIS J. BISSELL,
General Agent.
No. 100 Government St., Victoria. oc25

Always to the Front.

CANADIAN PACIFIC R'Y

FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC.

Solid Trains composed of Palace Sleeping and Drawing Room Cars, Tourist Sleepers and Elegant Day Coaches.

LEAVE VANCOUVER DAILY

A continuous line affording uninterrupted service.

$5 to $10 Cheaper Than Other Lines.

EXCURSION

Tickets available for six months, with choice of routes to all points.

FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Merchants will find it to their advantag to route all freight via this line.
For full and reliable information apply to
A. CAMERON, Agent,
Government St., Victoria.
D. E. BROWN,
Asst. Gen'l Fgt. & Pass. Ag't,
Vancouver. fe29

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 11 a.m.

Walla Walla, - February 28.

R. P. RITHET & CO.,
mar28 Agents

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY

Steamer ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, 1889,

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

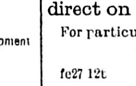
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows,

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 5.00 a.m.
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "

For freight or passage apply on board. feb[illegible]

From London for Victoria Direct.



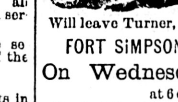
The 100 A 1 Iron Barque "WANLOCK" 745 TONS REGISTER,

will sail from London for Victoria direct on May 10th.

For particulars apply to

TURNER, BEETON & CO.,
fe27 12t Wharf Street.

FOR THE NORTH



C.P.N. Co's Steamer "DANUBE" (CAPTAIN WALBRAN)

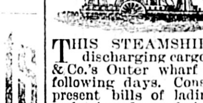
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co's Wharf, for

FORT SIMPSON AND WAY PORTS

On Wednesday, March 4th, at 6 o'clock p.m.

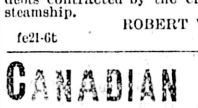
For freight or passage apply at the office of the Company, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.
The Company reserves the right to change this notice at any time without notification.
fe21-td JNO. IRVING, Manager.

CONSIGNEE NOTICE,



British Steamship "WEST INDIAN" CAPT. SCOTT, FROM LIVERPOOL.

THIS STEAMSHIP WILL COMMENCE discharging cargo at Messrs. R. P. Rithet & Co.'s Outer wharf on Saturday Feb. 21, and following days. Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight and receive delivery order for their goods. All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 o'clock each day, and while on the wharf, will be at the risk of the consignees thereof respectively, and may be stored at their expense.
ROBERT WARD & CO.,
fe21-6t Consignees.



STEAMSHIP WEST INDIAN, Capt. S. P. Scott.

NEITHER CAPT. SCOTT NOR THE UNdersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above steamship.
ROBERT WARD & CO.,
fe21-6t Consignees.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited.)

Time Table No. 13, takes effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 3 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 11:30 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock. Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.)
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 11:30 o'clock; Thursday Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route:

Steamers leave New Westminster for CHILLIWHACK and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave or Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route:

Steamer RAINBOW leaves every Tuesday at 7 a.m. for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave by Standard time.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. jy25

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE,

Real Estate Agents.

BRANCH OFFICE:

PORT ANGELES.

BRANCH OFFICE:

NEW WESTMINSTER

ja14

The Colonist.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1891.

LITTLE LOCALS.

Plans for the Lake Washington ship canal are to be prepared at once.

For shaving materials, etc., go to Fox's, 78 Government street. tf

Eleven witnesses have so far been examined in Olympia who swear to have seen Judge Scott's gambling in saloons.

Carpenters' and Gardening Tools at Cheapside. *

Scissors and cutlery at Cheapside. *

Islander's Islander brought one car of [illegible] car wheels, and two of mixed merchandise.

Attention is called to Central Hall for Public Meetings. See advertisement "Lyceum." *

A large assortment of bird cages just opened at R. A. Brown & Co.'s 80 Douglas street.

Special meeting of Alexandria Lodge No. 116, Sons of England, in Forester's hall this evening.

The board of directors of the Jubilee hospital hold their monthly meeting on Monday next.

See the fine assortment of enamelled ware at R. A. Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street.

Toilet articles, perfumery, etc., at Jones' drug store, Government street. Dispensing a specialty. 1w

Two cars of flour and one of mixed merchandise were received by the City of Kingston last evening.

Notwithstanding the wintry weather of late, the excavation work of the Poodle Dog extension has been completed.

Search is still being made for the bodies of Maxwell Hall and Trackwalker Bissett, who were drowned a few days ago.

Some special bargains in carpet remnants to be had at Weiler Bros, successors to John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

See the 300-candle power and other lamps at R. A. Brown & Co's, Douglas street.

A merry party of young ladies out skating on a little pond near the city, dropped through the ice a day or so ago. No serious consequences resulted.

For the past two days very good shooting has been done by H. M. S. Melpomene. It generally takes about two days to use up all the ammunition.

Table cutlery, bread plates, table mats, at Fox's, 78 Government street. d14-1m

A nice line of pocket knives, razors, scissors and table cutlery, just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. tf

The contract for building St. Saviour's church, upon the plans of Mr. Norgate, has not yet been awarded. The building is expected to cost about $2,000.

In future regular Church of England services and Sunday school will be held weekly at Cadboro Bay, at 3 o'clock each Sunday afternoon.

If you intend furnishing please call and examine our stock, and get prices on furniture, carpets, curtains, etc, and we think it will be to your interest, as we carry the largest stock in all lines in the city. Weiler Bros., successors to John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Capt. Chas. Spring does not think that after being knocked about by the waves as she has been, the wrecked Loretta will be worth bringing home. An effort will be made, however, to secure the cargo.

In the city police court yesterday morning, the case of T. McNulty, charged with picking a pocket at the Prince of Wales saloon, was further remanded for one day, and one Ah Sing was fined $5 for making a fire in the street.

KARL KOSCHE, wig maker and hairdresser, takes pleasure in notifying his customers and the public in general, that he is ready for business again. Hair cutting a specialty. No shaving. Mrs. Kosche will attend to the ladies' department. A well selected stock of hair goods and ornaments on hand. Theatrical wigs and beards for hire. 31 Government st., Victoria. ja11-2m

PERSONAL.

W. Elwin, of Los Angeles, is in town.
Wm. Dally, of Chicago, is in town.
W. J. Grands, of Seattle, is in town.
R. Brice, of Auburn, N. Y., is in town.
Wm. Brown, of Vancouver, is in town.
R. Green, of St. Paul, is at the Clarence.
A. W. Jowett returned to Revelstoke this morning.
Rev. H. Giress, of Seattle, is a guest at the Colonial.
P. Steele came home from California yesterday.
T. Stayner, of Montreal, is a guest at the Clarence.
J. W. Cullagh, of Winnipeg, is a guest at the Clarence.
R. Cromell, of Yarmouth, N. S., is staying at the Oriental.
P. Birrell, of New Westminster, returned from San Francisco yesterday.
John Hendry and wife will leave by the Walla Walla for San Francisco to-day.
G. Mardock, of Seattle, and G. R. Davies, of Port Townsend, are at the Occidental.
W. J. Taylor, J. E. Crane, C. S. Baxter and Wm. S. Hampson returned home by the Islander last night.

KAMLOOPS.

Mr. J. A. Mara Elected by Acclamation—A Siwash Team Goes Through the Ice—The Last of a Tramp.

(Correspondence of THE COLONIST).

Mr. J. A. Mara was on Thursday nominated for Yale district for the Dominion House without opposition. On the previous evening a meeting of his supporters was held at the Cosmopolitan Hotel, and was addressed by Mr. Mara, who spoke of the services the Conservative Government had rendered this province in railway extension, etc., and denounced unrestricted reciprocity as the forerunner of annexation, and ultimate ruin to Canada. The local band serenaded the member, and considerable enthusiasm prevailed. The meeting was also addressed by Mr. Frank Barnard, who will be returned by acclamation for Cariboo.

Ice cutting on the Thompson has been vigorously prosecuted during the week, the average daily cut being 130 tons. A good deal of this has been shipped to Vancouver and Victoria.

A siwash team crossing the Thompson on the ice from the reservation to Kamloops, went through on Tuesday at a point where considerable cutting had been done. With the greatest difficulty the horses were rescued, as the accident occurred in the middle of the stream and in deep water. Of the crowd who assembled to assist in the rescue one went through but was soon landed.

Jailer Sinclair has had his leg broken by a fall. The limb was set by Dr. Farrer and the patient is progressing favorably.

A tramp named Thomas Brown, who had been put on board the train at Revelstoke as a patient for the Royal Inland Hospital here, died en route. On reaching Kamloops the body was placed in the dead house for the night and then duly interred: Brown was an old man and is said to have been a native of Quebec. He had been on the tramp in British Columbia for some months and was completely broken up in constitution.

On Monday morning last the glass registered 11½ below, the lowest point to which it has run this winter. It was, however, only a couple of hours at this, when it gradually rose twelve degrees. A fall of snow about half an inch cleared the atmosphere. Ranchers are wishing for more of the beautiful, in the absence of which they anticipate dry creeks during the summer.

The chain-gang, prison labor, is duing some good work in grading the public thoroughfares, &c., and as the electric light is being freely introduced in illuminating the streets, Kamloops has undergone quite a change for the better within the past couple of months.

A movement is on foot to establish a public slaughter house here, and create a dressed-meat trade between this and the cities of the coast. It is found that animals deteriorate in weight and quality under the present means of transport.

Stockton's Novels.

The Schooner Merry Chanter.
Ardis Claverden.
The Late Mrs. Null.
The Hundredth Man.
Mrs. Lecks, and the Dusantes.
The Bee-Man of Orn.
For sale at T. N. Hibben & Co.

MARRIED.

BOWRON—NORTHCOTT—At Quesnelle, B.C., on the 25th of February, by the Rev. F. D. Brooks, John E. Bowron, son of John Bowron, Esq., Gold Commissioner of Cariboo, to Alice M. M. Northcott, eldest daughter of Wm. W. Northcott, of Victoria, B. C.

TO ELECTORS

The Committee rooms of Messrs. Prior and Earle, over Morrison's drug store, at the corner of Fort and Government Streets, are now open daily, from 10 a.m.

H. D. HELMCKEN,
Sec'y.
fe21-tf

NOTICE.

Messrs. Prior and Earle will address the Electors of Victoria City and District as follows:

Saturday, the 28th inst., Parson's Bridge, at 6 p.m.

Monday, the 2nd March, Cedar Hill, at 7 p.m.

Tuesday, the 3rd, Victoria West, at 8 p.m.

At School house, Work Estate, on Wednesday, 4th March, at 7:30 p.m.

H. D. HELMCKEN,
Sec'y.
fe21

ELECTION NOTICE

Messrs. Templeman and Marchant will address the Electors of Victoria City and District at the following places:

Thursday, 26th inst, School House, Work Estate.

Friday, 27th inst., Victoria West, School House.

Saturday, 28th inst., Spring Ridge, School House.

Monday, 2nd March, Parson's Bridge.

Tuesday, 3rd March, Cedar Hill.

Meetings will be called to order at 8 o'clock.

THOMAS DEASY,
Secretary.
fe25

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO DEPOSITORS.

The British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

de19-1m

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT—We BUY AND SELL DRAFTS on all the principal cities of CANADA, EUROPE and the UNITED STATES, at the MOST FAVORABLE RATES. We also buy and sell STOCKS and SHARES. Offers will be received for 19 TRAMWAY SHARES.

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT—We have a large list of PROPERTY for sale from which we extract the following:

First-class boarding house, furnished	$11,500	5¼ acres, cleared, Esquimalt Road	$ 7,000	Lots on Burnside Road, each	$ 325
House, 15 rooms and 2 acres, off Fort St.	12,000	17½ acres, Fowl Bay Road, per ½ acre	400	" Oak Bay Avenue	$ 600 and 320
" 11 " 1.10 " N.Chath'm St.	5,500	Acreage, Saanich, from $5 per acre to	1,500	" in Victoria West	750 " 350
" 8 " James Bay	3,750	Acreage, Lake Hill Estate, from $200 to	325	" Fernwood Estate	900 " 500
" 6 " James Bay	2,650	3½ acres Belcher St., beautiful site	12,000	" on Cadboro Bay Road	1,000 " 375
3 houses, 6 rooms, James Bay, each	1,900	½ acre, Oak Bay Avenue	1,200	" Work Estate	1,000 " 500
House, 8 rooms, Fowl Bay Road	1,700	Acreage, Cook St., per acre	3,000	" Gov't st. and Douglas st.	13,000 " 10,000

We have A large list of property for sale in ABERDEEN, on GRAY'S HARBOR, and in SOUTH BEND on WILLAPA HARBOR, MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE. CITY AGENTS FOR THE CALEDONIAN INSURANCE CO. OF EDINBURGH.

A. W. MORE & CO., TURNER BLOCK, DOUGLAS STREET,

Late of The Clydesdale Bank, Glasgow, &c., Scotland; The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, London, England; The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria and Nanaimo, B.C.

ja11-6m

B. C. Pottery and Terra Cotta Co.

(LIMITED.)

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $60,000

OFFICE.
61 YATES STREET (Upstairs)
WORKS.
CONSTANCE COVE ROAD.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Vitrified Sewer Pipe,
Agricultural Drain Tile,
Terra Cotta Ware,
Chimney Tiles and Tops,
Flower Pots, Etc., Etc.

Ornamental Work for Buildings

A SPECIALTY. no15

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

THE HALL of the above Society in Musgrave Block, Broad Street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms. fe4-1m

RARE OPPORTUNITY

TO PURCHASE A FARM WITHIN

½ HOUR DRIVE OF THE CITY.

ABOUT 125 ACRES

Price moderate. Terms easy. Excellent soil. House, Barns, Stable.
Apply for a few days only to

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON,

64 YATES STREET. ja7

I CURE FITS!

THOUSANDS OF BOTTLES GIVEN AWAY YEARLY.

When I say **Cure** I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. **I MEAN A RADICAL CURE.** I have made the disease of **Fits, Epilepsy or Falling Sickness** a life-long study. I **warrant** my remedy to **Cure** the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a **Free Bottle** of my **Infallible Remedy.** Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address:—**H. G. ROOT, M.C., Branch Office, 186 WEST ADELAIDE STREET, TORONTO.**

COME AND SEE

THE NEW

JAPANESE STORE

Just received, a large shipment of goods DIRECT FROM JAPAN, and we are now able to offer to the public the finest lot of Japanese Curios in Victoria. Give us a call and be convinced. As this is the first genuine Japanese Store established in Victoria, we would kindly solicit the patronage of the public. Give us a call and see what we have.

Respectfully yours,

"ROKUBAN,"
NEW JAPANESE STORE,
150 Government St., near Johnson.
ja6-1y

WANTS.

WANTED—Situation in a general store by young man of experience. Apply J. G. S., this office. fe27-6t

WANTED—A strong girl to assist with general house work; family of three. Apply Mrs. Wilkinson, Mary St., Victoria West. fe27-3t

WANTED—By a young man. A situation in Hotel. Has some experience in real estate office. Address "O. L. W." this office. fe25-2t

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WAITER, one who has been in private service or is used to Clubs. Apply in writing, Managing Steward, Rainier Club, Seattle, Wash. fe24-3t

WANTED—A respectable young girl to assist with house work. Apply to Mrs. Clay, 39 Fort Street. fe20-6t

WANTED—To Rent a Stable suitable for six or eight horses. Apply Box 571,

WANTED—Immediately, two ward maids, for the Prov. Royal Jubilee Hospital. Apply at the Hospital. fe7-tf

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply Mrs. Belyea, St. Charles st., near Cadboro Bay road. fe7

TEACHER WANTED

FOR the position of First Assistant at the Victoria High School. Applicants must hold 1st class certificates or be University graduates. Salary $100 per month. All applications, which will be received up to the 26th inst., should be addressed to R. Erskine, Secretary Public School Board, 62 Government Street. fe18-td

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR RENT—7 room house; good stable, 56 Vancouver St. Apply J. A. T., Caton, 17 Yates St. fe22-12t

TO LET—Two new, convenient Six Room Houses by 1st March; dry, clean, bath, closet, etc. Appply 84 Fourth Street.

TO LET—Partly furnished six-roomed house, with bathroom, James Bay. Apply 34 Niaga a street. fe20-9t

TO LET—A comfortable bedroom and sitting room. Apply at Colonist office. fe18-1m

TO LET—Two nicely furnished rooms. Apply 52 Menzie street. fe15-6t

TO LET—Comfortable furnished front room at 178 Yates st. fe8-6t

FOR SALE—A gap bed and double gear lathe with 3 inch centre, hollow spindle, planed bed, anti-friction treadle, nearly new. Address P. O. Drawer 37. fe3

FOR SALE.

ELEGANT UPRIGHT AMERICAN PIANO, worth $600, 7½ octave, nearly new, price $300. This is a bargain. 68 North Park street. fe26-3t

FOR SALE.

SPLIT Cedar Fence Posts, in large or small quantities. Leave orders at Scotch Bakery, 103 Douglas street. fe2-3m

I HEREBY give notice that at the next Meeting of the Board of License Commissioners I intend to apply for a transfer of License for the Nickel Plate Saloon from Thos. Garvin to myself.

ARTHUR FOX.

Victoria, Feb. 4, 1891. fe5-1m

QUEENSTOWN

CANADA'S COMING CITY.

SPECIAL NOTICE! ADVANCE IN PRICES!

Prices will be advanced 10 per cent. on Feb. 16. Buy at once and get in at Bed Rock Prices.

ROUTLEDGE & CO.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS. 48 GOVERNMENT STREET.

ja15